ANALYZING CHANGES IN COBOL PROGRAMS DURING MAINTENANCE

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A MASTER'S THESIS

submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree

MASTER OF SCIENCE

Department of Computing and Information Science

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY Manhattan, Kansas

1988

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Acknowledgments

I sincerely appreciate the knowledgeable assistance that was given to me by my major professor, Dr. David A. Gustafson. A special note of thanks is extended to my parents for their help, understanding, and guidance. Also, I am truly grateful to all my friends who express their moral support.

Chapter 1. Introduction

1-1 The Definition and Importance of Software Maintenance

Software maintenance is the final phase of the software life cycle. It is frequently viewed as a phase of lesser importance than the design and development phases. The definition of software maintenance is the performance of those activities required to keep a software system operational and responsive after it is released for use [Liu76]. The software maintenance activities modify a program to generate new output, to change the logic to incorporate a new feature, to expand functions, to add new files, etc [Liu76]. Generally, software maintenance covers not only changes to source code but also changes to specification and design notation. The reasons to perform software maintenance are to correct error and design defects, to improve the design, to convert the program to meet more advanced features, to interface the program to other programs, and to satisfy users' demands.

Maintaining an application software system tends to consume a major portion of the total life cycle costs. Statistical data shows that maintaining 2 to 10 years old software systems demands possibly as high as 40% to 60% or even 70% of the amount of the development effort for most

companies [Lie78]. Many organizations expend approximately three-fourths of their data processing budget on maintaining existing programs. And the effort is increasing as more software is produced. Many managers are dismayed by the actual expenses on maintenance.

Although it is a complex and costly phenomenon, software maintenance remains the least understood of the software processes and receives little attention. Little research and few technical approaches or "methods" have been proposed for the software maintenance. In order to differentiate the types of maintenance and bring maintenance under control, the manager needs methods to classify different types of maintenance. Proper methods of classifying types of maintenance should help in managing the maintenance effort.

A characterization of three types of maintenance activities has been proposed by Swanson[Swa76]. The three types are corrective, adaptive, and perfective maintenances. As defined, corrective maintenance is performed to correct errors that are uncovered after the software is brought to use. Adaptive maintenance is applied to properly interface with changes in the external processing environment. Perfect maintenance is applied to eliminate inefficiencies, enhance performance, or improve maintainability based on the requests from the user group [Lie78].

1-2 Objectives and Scopes

The purpose of this research focuses on classifying different types of maintenance activities based on data obtained from analyzing COBOL programs. The classification is basically a refinement of the earlier work of Swanson. Whether the previous classification methods are good enough to distinguish the maintenance activities will be discussed and compared with a proposed method from this study.

Two sets of COBOL programs, each with several versions, were used as data programs. The first set, from a Kansas company, is named as organization A programs, or program set A, throughout the study. The second set, organization B programs or program set B, however, came from a data processing environment. A shell program was developed as a tool to analyze the differences between two consecutive versions from program set A. The result lists the numbers of each statement in the first version as well as the altered, deleted, and added statements changed from the first to the second version. The rules for classifying the types of maintenance were identified from the results and then converted into a second shell program. The input for the second shell program is the output from the first shell program.

The organization B programs were later analyzed with the two shell programs to test the results and verify the rules. For convenience, the first shell program was named Maintain and the second one as Classify.

The objectives of this research are to study real-life COBOL programs to better understand what goes on in the software maintenance phase, to develop a method of classifying types of maintenance from program set A , and to check the proposed method program set B.

Chapter 2 discusses the data collection process. Explanation of the COBOL programs and a brief description of program sets A and B are given in the first section. Section 2 gives the definition of the measurements applied to calculate the data. The changes and altered, deleted, added statements are defined in Section 3. The shell programs Maintain and Classify are described in Section 4. The shell programs are the basic implementation tools employed to analyze the data programs.

Chapter 3 gives the results from running the organization A programs. Characteristics of program set A are illustrated in tables and figures. The changes between two consecutive versions are displayed. The rules of classifying the types of maintenance are listed. The reasons for iden-

tifying the maintenance are explained in detail. The rules were then written on to shell program Classify. The last section in Chapter 3 presents the results from running COBOL programs A and discusses the insights into the maintenance of the programs.

Chapter 4 involves the verification of the results in chapter 3 by classifying the program set B. All the procedures and tools employed are the same as in Chapter 3. Program data and corresponding results are represented in table or graphic forms.

Chapter 5 concludes the study and suggests recommendations for the future work.

Chapter 2. Data Collection

2-1 The COBOL Programs being Analyzed

Why choose COBOL program to analyze? COBOL is a programming language that has been designed expressly for administrative data processing. It is a high-level language and provides efficient data collection, data processing, and production of required reports. COBOL is widely used in industry and business fields.

In Chapter 1, we mentioned the program sets A and B which are the data programs in the study. The program set A, which consists of 5 COBOL programs, was analyzed in the beginning. These programs have various numbers of versions. The number of versions are 4, 5, 6, 7 and 11, respectively. The total number of versions is 33. The lines of codes also vary quite differently. The average number of the shortest program is 270; while the value of the largest is more than 4650. Table 1 displays the number of versions and average number of lines in the 5 COBOL programs.

As stated earlier, the program set B was applied to verify the results from running the program set A. The program set B, which includes 8 COBOL programs, has 20

versions on each program. All B programs have been operational for many years.

Program no.	Number of version	ons Average number of lines
1 2 3 4	6 4 11 7	270 1430 4650 2070
5	5	470

Table 1. Number of Versions and Average Number of Lines of Program Set A

2-2 Measures on Types of Statements

In a COBOL program, a statement is defined as a syntatically valid combination of words and characters. Measuring the numbers of statements that have been changed between two sequential versions of a program is the basic step of collecting data for the entire research. Classified by their functions, types of statement fall into 8 categories: comment, declaration, assignment, conditional, branch, input-output, label, and other statements.

The following notations are used throughout the study.

The notations were devised by Dr. David A. Gustafson and the participants in a software seminar at Kansas State University.

TYPE represents the types of statements and ALL stands for the collection of all statement types.

TYPE ::= ALL | comment | declaration | assignment | conditional | branch | input-output | label | other comment ::= spacing purposes ! textual assignment ::= MOVE | ADD | SUBSTRACT | COMPUTE

conditional ::= IF | ELSE | ON | AT END

branch ::= CALL | PERFORM | GOTO | NEXT | EXIT

input-output ::= DELETE | DISPLAY | OPEN | READ| WRITE | REWRITE

other ::= EXAMINE | INSPECT | SEARCH | SORT | SET | EXEC CICIS | GOBACK

2-3 The Changes; Altered, Deleted, and Added Statements

Measuring the change to the code is an objective indicator of the maintenance process itself. Analyzing changes between versions is a good approach to investigate what types of maintenance are really made to the programs.

In reality, statements referring to changes have three different kinds: altered, deleted, and added statements. Altered statements can be meant to specified statements existing in two versions; however, a variable is different in its values, a statement is moved to "comment" statement because of putting asterisk in front of it by special purpose, or statements switched to another type based on programmer's need, etc. Deleted statements show on the origihal version but are missing from the second version. Added statements are inserted to the original version.

For the convenience of notational representation, let

Changes ::= Altered | Deleted | Added

Altered[TYPE] : Number of Statements of specified
TYPE that have been altered.

Deleted[TYPE] : Number of Statements of specified
TYPE that have been deleted

Added[TYPE] : Number of Statements of specified TYPE that have been added.

2-4 Tools for Analyzing Data Programs

The shell program Maintain which invokes several UNIX utilities such as diff and grep, was written to analyze the COBOL programs. Six modules are included in the program; they are checking, preprocessing, distinguishing, difference, calculation, and report modules. Each module has its special function. Figure 1 gives the flow chart of the shell program Maintain. The inputs are two versions of a COBOL programs. The input sequence has to be the same order for the comparison purposes. The executing command "Maintain

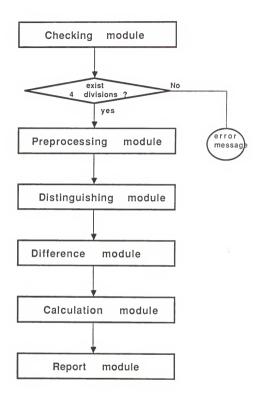


Figure 1 Flow chart of the Shell program Maintain

version.1 verion.2" reports the output which lists the results changed from version.1 to version.2. In reverse, the command "Maintain version.2 version.1" generates the report which contains the data modified from version.2 to version.1. The output of the program Maintain, assuming the command "Maintain version.1 version.2", includes the numbers of statements in version.1 and the overall numbers of statements in altered, deleted, and added statements from version.1 to version.2. Appendix A lists the program Maintain. Two example COBOL programs Version.1 Version.2 are given in Appendix B and C. Appendix D shows the result from running the Maintain program on the two versions. The function of each module in the program Maintain is described as below.

a. Checking module

Every COBOL program consists of four divisions in the following order: identification, environment, procedure and data divisions. The checking module checks to verify the existence of all four divisions in the two input data programs. Error messages referring to the absence of divisions are printed out in case of the missing of any division. Program terminates if errors are detected.

b. Preprocessing module

The preprocessing module removes all superfluous blank

spaces, tabs, and blank lines. If the difference of a statement in version.1 and the version.2 is only the addition or deletion of a blank space, it should not be marked as altered. The same situation can be extended to the insertion or removal of blank lines simply for spacing purposes. This module also removes numbers from tail end of lines. The numbers attached at the end of lines have no meaning. COBOL programs use it as marked symbol to easily identify a sequence of codes.

c. Distinguishing module

This module assigns unique characters to every statement in order to identify types of each particular statement. The function ensures that each statement can be properly identified after changes are made. For example, all the statements in the identification division are prefixed with "Comment". In the environment division, the statements are marked with "Env". The FILE SECTION and WORKING-STORAGE statement in procedure division are attached with "DeSetn". The rest of statements in procedure division are added with "Dlrtn".

d. Difference module

The difference module utilizes the "diff" function to find the differences between two versions. It compares two versions of program and notes altered, deleted, and added statements. Three temporary files are created once the

altered, deleted, and added statements are in existence. The files which store the deleted and added statements copy the statements from the analyzed versions. The file having the altered statements contains the old statements and the new statements. If there are several places that statements are altered, we name each place as a block of altered statements.

e. Calculation module

The calculation module computes the numbers of respective type of statements. The module generates overall numbers of types of statements for version.1. Three temporary files, if they exist, are also analyzed by this module to produce output.

f. Report module

The report module produces output for the shell program Maintain. The output includes the overall analysis of the statements in version.1. It displays the number of statements in version.1. The result also lists the numbers of statements in altered, deleted, and added statement, if they exist. The actual altered, deleted and added statements are displayed at the end of the output. It is easy to identify the statements by the use of the special characters which were added in the distinguishing module.

The algorithms for developing the shell program Classi-

fy are based on the rules for classifying types of maintenance. The rules and corresponding algorithms will be described in chapter 3.

Chapter 3. Result of Analysis

3-1 Program Characteristics

Program set A, consisting of 5 different programs with 33 versions, was initially introduced to be analyzed by the tools, Maintain and Classify shell programs. Table 2 illustrates the characteristics of program set A. The minimum and maximum numbers of statements are given to represent the structure of statements in each program. Figure 2 gives the programs' characteristics by means of graphic form. Of the 8 types of statements, numbers of input-output, label, and other statements are ignored because of their relatively small number compared to the rest of the five types of statements. Investigating the graph, it is easy to realize that assignment statements play an important role in program set A. However, comment statements also are significant due to their frequent occurrence.

3-2 The Changes

The shell program Maintain runs two sequential versions of a program. The results of analysis on program set ${\tt A}$

are 28 deltas. The contents of a delta includes Number[TYPE] of each statement and Altered[TYPE], Deleted[TYPE], and Added[TYPE] between the original and new versions. In addition to these numbers, the statements being changed are also listed as part of the content of a delta. The raw data of Altered[TYPE], Deleted[TYPE], and Added[TYPE] in the 28 delta are shown on Table 3, 4, and 5, respectively.

3-3 Types of Maintenance

From the 28 deltas with attached listings of changed statements, six types of maintenance were identified; they were corrective, adaptive, retrenchment, retrieving, pretty printing, and documentation maintenance. Compared with the three classical types of maintenance proposed by Swanson, it is clear that perfective maintenance was excluded from the classification and replaced with retrenchment, retrieving, pretty printing, and documentation maintenances. The reason of excluding perfective maintenance from classification is due to the difficulty of predicting the intention of the programmer doing the enhancement. The reason for the programmer to update sources code is too complicated to trace simply from investigating changed statements. The changes on the rest of statements may be a side effect of

Program No.		_		••	8	6			4			2	
Number of Version		9			: +	:	:	:	7			; 43	1
Max./Min.	Min	Мах.	J	Min.	Мах.	Min	Max.	Min.	Ŀ	Мах.	Min.		Max.
ALL	270	278		1428	1438	4641	4684	. 2	057	2102	426	; 40	513
comment	28	69		195	248	782	870	38	390	388	79	-	108
declaration	80	80		209	209	1171	1178		533	539	228	0	233
assignment MOVE	51	51		378	406 340	1436	1483		653 568	660	71	- 47	104
conditional	08			78	0	909	697	č	٥	000	,	•	,
<u>+</u>	22	23		61	71	433	446	166	0 49	173	<u>0</u> σ	., .	2 0
ELSE	က	က		4	18	166	171	48		52) 4		2 თ
NO	2	2		က	2	9	6	က		က	ო		. m
branch	21	21		63	99	390	394	16	166	170	4		32
CALL	0	0		9	9	25	25	=	m	13	-		-
PERFORM	4	4		10	10	165	167	16	(0	78	თ		9
GOTO	17	17		45	48	190	190	.9	7	69	10	.,	21
EXIT	0	0		2	2	o	12	6		6	0		0
STOP	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0		0
input-output	0	0		0	0	2	7	0		0	-		-
label	16	17		45	46	162	164	78	ω.	80	7		o
		Table	.5	Numbers	ers of	Statements	o	Program		Set A			

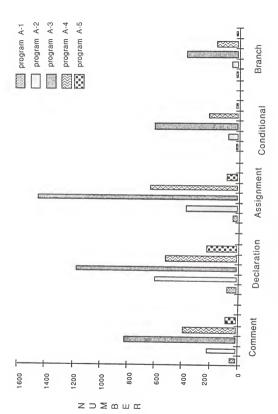


Figure 2. Numbers[TYPE] of Program set

Ø

28	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
27	4	-	က	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
26	0	0	0	00	0000	000000	0	0	0	
25	15	0	9	ი დ	0000	000000	0	0	0	
24	2	0	-	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	8
21	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Deitas
20	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	28
18	0	0	0	00	0000	000000	0	0	0	드
17	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Statements
16	9	0	0	2 2	0000	00000	0	0	0	me
15	2	4	0		0000	000000	0	0	0	itate
4	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
13	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	eted
12	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Deleted
= :	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	of
10	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
6	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Numbers
∞ !	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Nun
7	0	0	0	0 0	000-	000000	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0 0	000-	000000	0	0	0	4.
5	ന	0	0	0 0	00	000000	0	0	8	<u>0</u>
4	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	Table
e :	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0 0	0000	000000	0	0	0	
- ;	0	0	0	00	0000	000000	0	0	0	
delta	ALL	comment	declaration	assignment MOVE	conditional IF ELSE ON	branch CALL PERFORM GOTO EXIT STOP	input-output	label	other	

delta	-	7	က	4	ß	9	7	∞	6	10	Ξ	12	13	4	5	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
ALL	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	6	. 0	. 0	0	₀	6	-		6	. 0	. 0	0		4		. 0	29	26	4	51	: 9
comment	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	က	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	-	က	0	2	0	Ξ	19	0
declaration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	10	-	0	0
assignment MOVE	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	01 01	0 0		ကက	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0		0 0	0 0	တထ	13	0 0	133	01 01
conditional IF ELSE ON	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	00	000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	00	0000	0000	4 4 0 0	0 0 7 5	0000	9 - 0	0 1 1 2
Dranch CALL PERFORM GOTO EXIT STOP	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	-0-000	000000	000000	80-800	-00-00	00000	80-500	00000
input-output	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
label	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	_	0	0	2	0
other	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	က	0
				-	Table	5.		Z	Numbers	Ø	of	Ad	Added		tate	Statements	s	.5	28	De	Deltas							

changes to comment statements.

The definitions of six types of maintenance are given as below:

a. Corrective maintenance:

The corrective maintenance is the maintenance attributed to minor revision on the original version. Correcting errors or failures from source codes is also identified as corrective maintenance. The corrective maintenance results in statements being altered as well as a few statements being added and/or deleted.

b. Adaptive maintenance:

The adaptive maintenance concerns the addition of new. functions or the deletion of old functions from the original codes to meet external environment requirement. In this type of maintenance, there are a lot of statements added or deleted in addition to a few statements changed.

c. Retrenchment maintenance:

The retrenchment maintenance temporarily removes a function from executable code by adding asterisks in front of the statements. The original code is converted to document or comment statements. An example of retrenchment maintenance is as follow:

Statements in original version:

IF MAORD = 'A'

GO TO 0530-READ-MATLDESC-PURCHSPECS

IF MAORD = 'N'

GO TO 0530-READ-MATLDESC-PURCHSPECS

Statements in new version:

* IF MAORD = 'A' GO TO 0530-READ-MATLDESC-PURCHSPECS

* IF MAORD = 'N' GO TO 0530-READ-MATLDESC-PURCHSPECS

Note that they are not only adding comments but also combining four lines into two lines.

The result of retrenchment maintenance increases the Number[comment] from the original version to the new version. It may also decrease the numbers of statements between two versions.

d. Retrieving maintenance:

The retrieving maintenance removes asterisks from comment or documentation statements and brings the statements back into service. The changed statements become part of the executable code. The retrieving maintenance is the reverse of retrenchment maintenance. An example of retrieving maintenance is listed as below:

Statements in original version:

.

- * IF EIBTRMID NOT = '302M' OR EIBTRMID NOT = '700Q'
- * EXEC CICS
- * SEND TEXT FROM(NICE-TRY-MESSAGE_

- LENGTH
- * ERASE
- * FREEKB
- * END-EXEC
- * EXEC CICS
- * RETRUN
- END-EXEC

Statements in new version:

IF EIBTRMID NOT = '302M' OR EIBTRMID NOT = '700Q'

EXEC CICS SEND TEXT FROM(NICE-TRY-MESSAGE LENGTH ERASE FREEKB

END-EXEC EXEC CICS RETRUN ND-EXEC

e. Pretty printing maintenance:

The pretty printing maintenance simply add asterisks for spacing purposes. There is no other function added or deleted. The objective of pretty printing is to allow program to be easy to read. The pretty printing maintenance increases Number[comment] in the new version and does not change other statements.

f. Documentation maintenance:

The documentation maintenance is the addition of comment statement to a program. This is different from pretty printing maintenance. The documentation maintenance puts descriptions or explanations just before a block of source codes. Well-documented program can reduce the effort of the

reader to understand the program. The number of statements changed in documentation maintenance is similar to that of pretty printing maintenance.

3-4 Precise Rules

The precise rules for classifying types of maintenance are analyzed from the empirical data received from executing the shell program Maintain on program set A. The rules were converted into the shell program Classify (see algorithm in Appendix E). The input for the Classify program is the output from the Maintain program. Appendix F gives an example result from running the program Classify. The discussion of the rules on correction and adaptive maintenances is grouped together because of their similar situation. The same condition can be applied to retrenchment and retrieving, as well as pretty printing and documentation.

a. Corrective and Adaptive maintenances:

Here a block of statements altered is defined as a series of statements altered. If there are more than three blocks of statements in which the lines of codes are modified, or the addition and deletion of statements other than comment statements is greater than 10, the delta is classified as adaptive maintenance. Otherwise, it is said to be corrective maintenance. The term "modified block" is de-

fined as a block where the ratio of Number[TYPE] in two versions is greater than 2 if Number[TYPE] in two versions are both more than 10, or the ratio is greater than 5 if one of Number[TYPE] is less than 10. Detailed algorithms can be found in the shell program Classify in Appendix B.

b. Retrenchment and Retrieving maintenances:

In both types of maintenance, there are some altered and no deleted or added statements. The altered statements cause the changes of comment statements. Number[comment] is decreased from original version to new version in retrenchment maintenance. The value, however, is increased in retrieving maintenance.

c. Pretty printing and Documentation maintenances:

For both types of maintenance, the increase or decrease of Number[comment] is due to the addition or deletion of comment statements. If the goal of added or deleted comment statements is for spacing purpose only, the type of maintenance is classified as pretty printing maintenance. Otherwise, it is documentation maintenance. The shell program classify can distinguish between these two types of maintenance.

3-5 Result and Discussion

The result of types of maintenance in 28 deltas from program set A is illustrated on Table 6. The empirical data are collected in Table 3, 4 and 5. Of the 28 deltas, there exists single types and combination of two or three types of maintenance. For simplicity, the combination of corrective and documentation maintenance is expressed as corrective & documentation maintenances. This example extends to any combination.

Program A-1 consists of 6 versions and 5 deltas. As there is only 1 statement altered, delta 1 is classified as corrective maintenance. In delta 2, original Number[comment] and new Number[comment] are equal to 59 and 69, respectively. The increment of 10 comment statements is due to 3 statements in original version converting to 10 comment statements in new version. As result, delta 2 is classified as retrenchment maintenance. The decrement of 11 comment statements in delta 3 is from 11 original statements modifying to 3 new statements. From the classification rules, it is clear that delta 3 is retrieving maintenance. modification in delta 4 is similar to that in delta 1. Delta 5 has two types of maintenance, corrective & pretty printing. The pretty printing maintenance can be identified from the value of Added[comment] which is equal to the

increment of Number[comment] between two versions. Corrective maintenance is determined by the values of Deleted[TYPE] and Added[TYPE].

Frogram A-2 includes 4 versions. Delta 6 and 7 are retrenchment and the reason of classification is the same as from delta 2. Delta 8 has three types of maintenance, corrective & retrenchment & pretty printing. The 4 added comment statements result in the pretty printing maintenance. The retrenchment maintenance is attributed to altered statements from 4 to 2 statements. The 9 added statements, however, are classified as corrective maintenance.

Deltas 9 to 18 belong to program A-3. Of the ten deltas, five deltas are classified as corrective maintenance. Delta 11 has corrective & retrenchment types. Delta 13 has three types of maintenance. The 3 added comment statements belong to pretty printing maintenance. One block of altered statements belongs to retrenchment maintenance. The other block and the added statements, however, are classified as corrective maintenance. Delta 15 and 16 have corrective & pretty printing maintenances. In delta 18, the increment of comment statement is identified as retrenchment maintenance which came from altered statements. Of the altered statements, some contributed to corrective maintenance.

Of six deltas in program A-4, there are 3 deltas classified as corrective maintenance. Deltas 21 and 22 have the similar modification except that delta 21 is documentation and delta 22 is pretty printing maintenance. The shell program Classify can make the distinction. In delta 24, 5 added comment statements have two types, pretty printing & documentation. The other changed statements contribute to adaptive maintenance.

In program A-5, delta 25 is adaptive type because lots of statements added or deleted. Deltas 26 and 27 are classified as adaptive % documentation maintenance. The altered 15 comment statements cause the decrease of comment statements in delta 28, therefore, the delta is said to be retrieving maintenance in addition to corrective maintenance.

Figures 3 and 4 illustrate the overall analysis on program set A. Figure 3 displays the numbers of deltas on types of maintenance. The number of deltas which only has corrective type is 10. None of the deltas which have documentation and pretty printing maintenance. There exists only 3 deltas owning three types of maintenance. It is verified that program maintainer did not change many things on any version of program set A. Figure 4 lists the percentage of occurrence on each type of maintenance.

The rules described in previous section were used to classify types of maintenance in program set A. In next chapter, the rules are verified with program set B, which are received from different environment.

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Altered[ALL]														
from	-	က	11	-	0	28	17	4	m	c	73	-	^	c
to	-	10	က	-	0	28	20	2	, co	0	9/	۰ ۵	1 0	o es
block	-	-	-	-	0	2	7	-	က	က	9	-	8	₀
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	0	0	က	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added[ALL]	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	6	0	0	0	ო	6	-
Number[comment]														
original	59	59	69	28	28	195	222	242	782	782	782	856	856	860
new	59	69	58	28	63	223	242	248	782	782	856	856	860	860
Altered[comment]	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deleted[comment]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added[comment]	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	က	0

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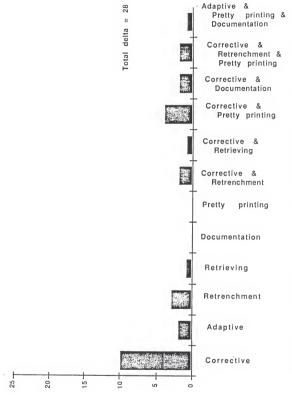
Table 6a. Classification of Program Set A

delta	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	56	27	28
	:	:	-			}	;						:	:
Altered[ALL]														
original	0	0	2	21	-	က	0	0	က	9	က	-	89	17
new	0	0	œ	30	-	6	0	0	8	7	က	Ξ	12	10
block	0	0	-	2	-	က	0	0	-	9	က	-	4	2
Deleted[ALL]	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	15	0	4	0
Added[ALL]	7	თ	0	0	0	0	4	œ	0	59	56	14	. 13	9
Number[comment]														
original	860	856	860	860	330	390	390	391	394	394	79	79	90	108
new	856	860	860	870	390	390	391	394	394	399	79	90	108	93
Altered[comment]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	15
Deleted[comment]	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
Added[comment]	0	4	0	0	0	0	-	က	0	2	0	1	19	0

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Classification

Table 6b. Classification of Program Set A



on Types Maintenance of Numbers of

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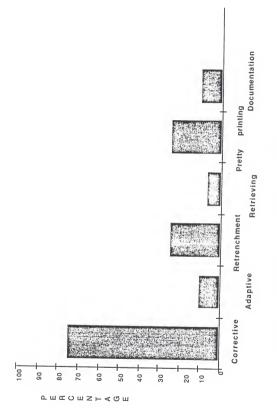


Figure 4. Percentages of Ocurrence on Each type of Maintenance of Program Set A

Chapter 4. Classification

4-1 Data Programs

Program set B, which includes 8 programs, was obtained from a data processing environment. These programs have been in use for more than 10 years. For each program, 20 versions were received and analyzed with the shell programs Maintain and Classify to verify the classification rules proposed in chapter 3. The result generates 19 deltas on each program and a total number of 152 on program set B. From the sequence of maintenance on a specific program, it indicates the types of maintenance and identifies what is really made to the modification on the source codes during the maintenance period. The classifications were then compared to the maintainers' comments.

4-2 Result

In the 19 deltas from program B-1, there are 3 corrective, 13 corrective & documentation, 2 corrective & retrenchment & documentation maintenance, and 1 adaptive & retrenchment & documentation maintenance (see Table 7). The 13

corrective % documentation maintenance delta have similar changed value set. It is easy to make distinctions on these types of maintenance. All the increment of Number[comment] results from the number of Added[comment]. Additional changed statements, however, contribute to corrective maintenance.

On program B-2, 10 corrective and 7 corrective & document maintenance were found during the analysis. Delta 11 is classified as corrective & retrenchment maintenance. Delta 1 does not have any modification at all. The result of program B-2 is represented on Table 8.

From delta 1 through 11, the modifications on program B-3 were steady except for delta 4 being classified as adaptive & pretty printing maintenance. The changes in deltas 12, 13, and 14 were large comparing to the rest of deltas. In these phases, a combination of 4 types of maintenance were identified. In addition to the high occurrence of maintenance types, the altered numbers were also very high. Delta 15 was back to general modification. Delta 16 was adaptive & documentation maintenance. Delta 17 includes retrenchment and retrieving maintenance together, which is seldom found in the classification of program set B. Delta 18, like delta 1 in program B-2, has not any change. The last delta is only corrective maintenance.

During the changes on program B-4, the modifications were steady from the result shown on Table 10. Only types of corrective and corrective & documentation maintenance were identified. Of the 19 deltas, 16 delta were corrective & documentation and 3 were corrective maintenance.

There is only corrective & documentation maintenance in changes after delta 9 on program B-5. During the early changes, 4 of 8 deltas were also classified as corrective & documentation maintenance. Two deltas were corrective maintenance only. Delta 3 is classified as corrective & retrenchment & documentation maintenances and delta 5 is adaptive & documentation maintenance (see Table 11).

Program B-6 includes 7 corrective and corrective & documentation maintenances, respectively. The rest of the deltas contains combination of types of maintenance. Delta 16, 17, and 18 all include adaptive maintenance. Delta 9 is the only one without corrective maintenance. It is classified as retrenchment & documentation maintenances. Detailed results are shown in Table 12.

Corrective and documentation maintenances are two types which exist in the changes on program B-7 (see Table 13). Nine corrective and 9 corrective & documentation maintenance types are classified from the program Classify.

The results on program B-8 is similar to that on program B-7. Fourteen deltas with corrective & documentation maintenance were classified. Delta 16 is the only one classified as adaptive maintenance.

From the results collected from 152 deltas on program set B, the combination of corrective and documentation types were the most frequently occurring maintenance; 81 deltas belong to this combination types of maintenance. Added comment statements in the identification division contribute to documentation maintenance and the changed statements resulting in corrective maintenance. It is concluded that most maintainers explained what they modified in the identification division and gave actual changes in the procedure division. The percentages of occurrence on each type of maintenance for program set B are represented on Table 5. In contrast to the same representation from program set A, pretty printing maintenance happened at lower percentage.

4-3 Validation

The classifications were checked against the explanations for the changes given by the maintainers as comments in the environment section. None of the explanations contradicted the classifications made by the classify program. However,

the classifications gave a better indication than the comments about what types of activity had occurred. Thus, we feel that rules were successful in classifying the maintainence activities.

delta	-	7	က	4	ω	9	7	œ	თ	10	10 11	12	12 13		14 15	16	17	9	19	
Altered[ALL]																		-		
from	9	15	6	52	4	412	45	15	19	42	26	45	19	4	9	2	9	10	21	
to :	12	9	6	66	46	430	87	28	33	13	36	20	25	30	9	2	7	14	34	
block	2	4	2	26	22	132	13	10	4	56	6	80	9	9	4	2	4	7	6	
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	0	ις	-	0	0	က	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Added[ALL]	7	თ	4	4	8	œ	0	9	-	က	က	2	80	က	9	7	0	9	10	
Number[comment]																				
original	213	216	219	219	228	235	238	248	251	257	258	262	267	271	277	279	285	286	291	
new	216	219		228	235	238	248		257	258	262	267	271	277	279	285		291	293	
Altered[comment]	0	0	8	0	0	2	0		0	-	2	0	-	-	9	0	0		0	
Deleted[comment]	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Added[comment]	က	က	0		7	က	6	က	2	en	m		4	0	8	7	C	40	۰ ۵	

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Table 7. Classification of Program B-1

delta	-	7	ო	4	2	9	7	80	6	10	Ξ	12	13	4	15	16	17	18	19
Altered[ALL]																			
from	0	77	30	-	2	146	-	35	-	7	27	4	C	-	46	30	100	c	-
to:	0	84	53	-	2	163	-	59	-	7	35	N	0	-	. 4	5 6	5 5	1 0	
block	0	42	14	-	7	10	-	7	-	က	9	-	0	-	2	2	24	1 (1	-
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
4dded[ALL]	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	Ŋ	ო	33	22	5	0
Number[comment] original	157	157	160	162			169				180	181	181	181	183	186	189	193	198
Altered[comment]	0	160	0	162	162	169	169	180	180	180	181	181	181	183	186	189	193	198	198
Deleted[comment]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added[comment]	0	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	· m	· (*)	4	י ע	0

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	Corrective	Adaptive	Retrenchment	Retrieving	Pretty printing	Documentation

Classification

Table 8. Classification of Program B-2

delta	-	7	ო	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	Ξ	12	13	4	15	16	17	18	19
Altered[ALL] from to block	16 22 5	14 25 6	2	79 69 12	7 16	5 11 5	200	49 62 3	186 184 18	0 m a	400	2782 2633 189	1096 1090 32	1091 1087 32	4 00 00	1420 1460 5	913	000	
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	က	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added[ALL]	က	~	0	12	4	9	က	13	2	4	2	0	10	6	2	137	ო	0	0
Number[comment] original new Altered[comment] Deleted[comment] Added[comment]	388 391 3	391 0 0 2	393	393 397 0 0	397 399 0 0	399 404 0 5	404 407 0 0	407 413 0 0	0 0 4	417 421 0 0	421 0 0 3	424 436 424 0	436 439 125 0	439 441 125 0	4443 0 0 2	443 467 165 0	467 470 134 0	470 470 0 0	470 470 0 0

Classification

Table 9. Classification of Program

delta	-	2	က	4	22	g	_	œ	6	10	Ξ	12	13	4	5	16	17	18	19
Altered[ALL] from to block	4	10 4		10 10 2	4 4 0	5 2 2	16 18 2	000	19 21	300	~ ~ +	46 54 2	n & 0		17 31 5	440	m m ≈	38 5	6 20 60
Deleted[ALL] Added[ALL]	0 0	0 %	0 9	0 8	0 2	0 2	0 &	0 8	0 %	0 %	0 0	0 5	4 9	0 1	0 9	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 4
Number[comment] original new Altered[comment] Deleted[comment] Added[comment]	95 0 0 0	95 98 0 0	98 101 0 0 3	101 104 0	104 106 0 0	106 108 0 0	108 112 0 0 4	112 0 0 0 2	117 0 0 0 3	117 120 0 0	120 120 0 0	120 125 0 0	125 128 0 0 3	128 130 0	130 136 0 0	136 0 0 0	136 138 0 2	138 141 0 0	141 143 0 0 2
Classification Corrective Adaptive Retrenchment																			
Retrieving Pretty printing Documentation				•															
		Ta	Table	10.	•	Class	Classification	ion	Jo	Prog	Program	B-4	4						

delta	-	2	က	4	2	9	7	œ	6	10	Ξ	12	13	4	15	16	17	18	19
Altered[ALL] from	75		09	N	516	0	ო	1	42	70	4	274	n	-	r.	-	20	69	284
to	114	2	59	2	492	2	က	158	98	92	4	378	6	-	2	-	24	7	319
block	37		17	2	98	2	က	16	5	Ξ	4	38	က	-	-	-	2	9	42
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	80	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added[ALL]	9	7	က	0	12	0	8	4	12	ო	8	92	2	ю	4	2	9	2	2
Number[comment] original new	289	289	291	329	331				353	361	364	366	375	379	382	386	388	391	392
Altered[comment]	2		0	0		0	0	8 8	. 0		0	, 4	0	0	0	0		5 -	0
Deleted[comment]	0		0	0					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Added[comment]	0		ო	2					œ	က	0	თ	4	က	4	8		2	ю
Classification																			
Corrective Adaptive Retrenchment Retrieving		1 1 1 1																	
Pretty printing Documentation			*												*				

B-5

Classification of Program

Table 11.

della 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	-	2	က	4	2	9	7	∞	o	10	=	12	13	14 15 16	15	16	17	18	19
Altered[ALL] from to block	6 6 9	36 125 11	13	4 4 4	135 110 61	N 20 30	11 2	7 15 3	9 1 6	36 41 5	32 31 6	16 20 3	0 0 0	11 1 7	1 4 2		34 25 14	106 136 28	14 27 5
Deleted[ALL]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	-
Added[ALL]	2	7	0	7	ო	0	0	2	9	0	0	0	N	2	4	17	0	24	2

	440	445	0	0	2
Vumber[comment]	original	пем	Altered[comment]	Deleted[comment]	Added[comment]

493 493 0 0

445 493 0 0

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Table 12. Classification of Program

-	2	က	4	5	9	^	ω .	o :	10	=	12	13	4	15	16	17	18	19	
-	0	0	2	1240	1380	-	N	-	-	1273	6	-	-	399	902	105	o	52	
-	4	0	N	1239	1383	-	2	-	-	1285	7	4	-	114	606	100	0	27	
-	2	0	2	20	6	-	2	-	-	46	-	-	-	00	30	7	0	00	
0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	23	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	
0	က	0	2	2	-	-	2	0	0	2	0	2	80	7	9	2	က	2	
96	96	96	96	86	98	102	102	104	104	104	107	107	107	109	116	126	129	132	
0	0	0	0	œ	8	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	3 6	90	0	20	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ო	0	0	N	^	2	က	0	4	
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Table 13. Classification of Program

B-7

14 15 16 17	14 13 642 132 17 55 654 113 5 7 129 14	0 0 0	141 145 1 145 151 1 0 0 4 0	• • •	
12 13	- 2 -	0 0	÷ ÷		
10 11	41 7 58 3 7 3	1 0 1	6 138 8 141 0 0		
6	20 4 35 5	0 4	135 13 136 13 0 0 0 0		
7 8	5 5 2 1 2 2 2	0 0	133 133 133 135 0 0 0 0 0 2		٠
9	11 7 7	0 9	128 133 0 0		
5	2 32 2 14 2 7	0 0	118 120 120 128 0 0 0 0 2 8		
က		O 10	116		
2	3 7 3	0 %	8 113 3 116 0 3		
		.] 1	108 113 mment] 0 ment] 5	e	ation *
delta	Altered[ALL] from to block	Deleted[ALL] Added[ALL]	Number[comment] original new Altered[comment] Deleted[comment] Added[comment]	Classification Corrective Adaptive Retrenchment Retrieving	Documentation

Classification of Program

Table 14.

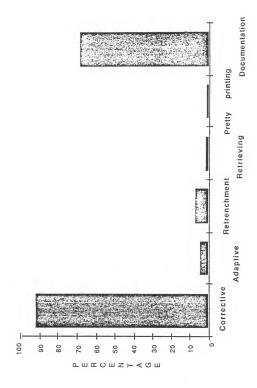


Figure 5. Percentages of Ocurrence on Each type of Maintenance of Program Set B

Chapter 5. Conclusion and Future Work

Chapter 3 gave the results of this study on the COBOL program set A. The classification rules were presented to distinguish various types of maintenance. Six types of maintenance were identified from the changes on sequential versions of the programs. The rules are in the effort to classify types of maintenance on program set A. Then the classification rules were used to verify the results from the analysis on the program set B, which came from another environment. The result of classification are also found to be satisfactory by comparing them with the maintainers' comments.

The study presents a method of classifying types of maintenance from empirical data of changes between two versions during maintenance. By means of the tools, the shell programs Maintain and Classify, managers can easily identify the types of maintenance existing in the sequential modification to a specific program. In an effort to reduce the cost of maintenance, managers can take the method as a reference with which to evaluate their maintenance effort; this method will give them an objective classification of their effort.

Recommendations for the future work for this study are proposed as following:

- Validate the presented method with more COBOL programs from different sources to check the effectiveness of classifying types of maintenance from the tools.
- 2) Modify and extend the tools to test the results of programs written by other languages. Are the method and rules good enough to classify types of maintenance in other languages?
- 3) Six types of maintenance were classified in this study from the analysis on program set A. More classification types could be embedded in COBOL programs.
- 4) The presented rules were satisfactory in classifying maintenance types. Refinement of the rules is suggested to distinguish more maintenance types.

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```
Shell program: Maintain
  å
     The program calls the following subprogram:
          maintain, aux
                               maintain, auxa
           maintain, auxh
                                maintain auve
           maintain, aux 1
 echo ANALYSIS FOR: $1 $2 > $1.1ist
 echo >> $1.1ist
 echo =n $1! '$2! ! >> 0. stats
     ************************
             Checking module
     **********************
     checks to see if divisions are present in file one
 auk f
 BEGIN [ iflag = 0; eflag = 0; dflag = 0; pflag = 0 }
 /IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./ [ iflag = 1 ]
 /ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. / { eflag = 1 }
 /DATA DIVISION./ ( dflag = 1 )
 /PROCEDURE DIVISION/ { pflag = 1 }
 END ( if (iflag + eflag + dflag + pflag != 4) [ print 5 > "err!" }] * 11
 if (test -f err1)
 then exit 1
 fi
 # checks to see if divisions are present in file two
 BEGIN { iflag = 0; eflag = 0; dflag = 0; pflag = 0 }
 /IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./ { iflag = 1 }
 /ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./ { eflag = 1 }
 /DATA DIVISION./ { dflag = 1 }
 /PROCEDURE DIVISION/ [ pflag = 1 ]
 END { if (iflag + eflag + dflag + pflag != 4) { print 5 > "err2" }} 11 12
 if (test -f err2)
 then exit 2
     ****************************
            Preprocessing module
    ****************************
    removes numbers from tail end of lines
awk '[printf "%s ", $0; printf "#%##\n" }' $1 |
sed 's/..... #$##//' > $1.n
awk '{printf "%s ", $0: printf "### \n" }: $2 !
sed 's/..... #$##//' > $2.n
# removes skips and ejects from file
sed 1/ EJECT/ d
    / SKIP/ d* $1.n > $1.nnn
sed 1/ EJECT/ d
    / SKIP/ d* $2.n > $2.nnn
rm $1.n $2.n
  install End of program marker on both files
echo EnD 0000000 > $1.temp
cat $1.temp >> $1.nnn
cat $1.temp >> $2.nnn
```

```
# Print out messages regarding the presence or absence of divisions
 for file 1 the file has been preprocessed and appropriate
 divisions inserted without leading blanks
echo "LIST OF MISSING DIVISIONS FOR " $1 >> $1.11st
echo >> $1.list
awk *
REGIN { iddiv = 0; envdiv = 0; datadiv = 0; prodiv = 0 }
/ IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./ { iddiv++; next }
/ ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./ { envdiv++; next }
/ DATA DIVISION./ { datadiv++; next }
 / PROCEDURE DIVISION/ [ prodiv++; next ]
END (printf "%d %d %d %d %, iddiv, envdiv, datadiv, procdiv >> "0. stats";
     if (iddiv == 0) [ print "*** IDENTIFICATION DIVISION MISSING **** }:
     if (envdiv == 0) { print **** ENVIRONMENT DIVISION MISSING **** };
      if (datadiv == 0) { print "*** DATA DIVISION MISSING **** );
     if (prodiv==0) {print "*** PROCEDURE DIVISION MISSING ****}} *1.nnn>>$1.list
echo >> $1.list
echo "END OF LIST" >> $1.list
echo >> $1.list
 # print out messages regarding the presence or absence of divisions
    for file2 the file has been preprocessed and appropriate divisions
    inserted without leading blanks
 echo "LIST OF MISSING DIVISIONS FOR " $2 >> $1.11st
 echo >> $1.list
 awk 1
BEGIN [ iddiv = 0; envdiv = 0; datadiv = 0; prodiv = 0 ]
 / IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./ { iddiv++; next }
 / ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./ { envdiv++; next }
 / DATA DIVISION./ { datadiv++; next }
 / PROCEDURE DIVISION/ { prodiv++; next }
END [printf "%d %d %d %d %, iddiv, envdiv, datadiv, procdiv >> "O. stats";
      if (iddiv == 0) [ print "*** IDENTIFICATION DIVISION MISSING **** ];
      if (envdiv == 0) { print "*** ENVIRONMENT DIVISION MISSING **** };
      if (datadiv == 0) [ print "*** DATA DIVISION MISSING **** ];
      if (prodiv==0) {print **** PROCEDURE DIVISION MISSING ****}}' $2.nnn>>$1.list
 echo >> $1.list
 echo "END OF LIST" >> $1.list
echo >> $1.list
      ********************************
           Distinguishing module
      *********************************
     flags statements in the environment division in file one
awk '/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./,/DATA DIVISION./ (
if (($1 == "ENVIRONMENT" || $1 == "DATA") && $2 == "DIVISION.")
 [ print $0; next ]
else
 { printf "%s ", $0; printf "Env\n"; next } }
/./ [ print $0 ] * $1.nnn > $1.nnnn
rm $1. nnn
 # flags statements in the environment division in file two
AWK '/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION././DATA DIVISION./ (
if (($1 == "ENVIRONMENT" || $1 == "DATA") && $2 == "DIVISION.")
 { print $0; next }
el se
 { printf "%s ", $0; printf "Env\n"; next } }
/./ { print $0 }  $2.nnn > $2.nnnn
rm $2.nnn
```

```
flags comment lines in file one
  awk '/IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./,/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./ {
  if (($1 == "IDENTIFICATION" || $1 == "ENVIRONMENT") && $2 == "DIVISION.")
     f print $0: next }
     { printf "Comment %s\n", $0; next } }
 /./ { print $0 } * $1. nnnn > $1. nnnnn
 rm $1. nnnn
  flags comment lines in file two
 awk '/IDENTIFICATION DIVISION./,/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION./ (
 if (($1 == "IDENTIFICATION" || $1 == "ENVIRONMENT") && $2 == "DIVISION.")
    { print $0: next }
 el se
    { printf "Comment %s\n", $0; next } }
 /./ [ print $0 ] * $2.nnnn > $2.nnnnn
 rm $2.nnnn
 separates declarations into declaration part and initialization part
 ı
    for file one
 awk 1
 /DATA DIVISION./,/PROCEDURE DIVISION/ (
 if (($1=="DATA" || $1=="PROCEDURE") && ($2=="DIVISION.") || (substr($1,1,1)=="*"))
 { print $0; next }
 else
 [ if ($1 == "FILE" || $1 == "WORKING-STORAGE" && $2 == "SECTION.")
   [ printf "DeSetn
                     %s\n".$0: next }
   { if (substr($1,1,1) ~ /[0-9]/) { printf "Dlrtn " }
    if (substr($NF, length ($NF), 1) == ".")
     {1 = 1}
       while (1 <= NF )
          { if (($1 == "REDEFINES") || ($1 == "RENAMES") || ($1 == "VALUE"))
            { printf "\nDlrtn
                                m }
            printf "%s ", $1; 1++ }
      printf "\n"; next
    el se
    [1 = 1
      while ( i <= NF )
          [ if (($i == "REDEFINES") || ($i == "RENAMES") || ($i == "VALUE"))
            | printf "\nDlrtn
                                n }
           printf "%s ", $1; i++ }
      next
  1
1 1
/./ { print $0 } * $1.nnnnn > $1.nn
rm $1.nnnnn
# separates declarations into declaration part and initialization part
for file two
awk 1
/DATA DIVISION./,/PROCEDURE DIVISION/ (
if (($1=="DATA" || $1=="PROCEDURE") && ($2=="DIVISION.") || (substr($1,1,1)=="#"))
{ print $0; next }
else
[ if ($1 == "FILE" || $1 == "WORKING-STORAGE" && $2 == "SECTION.")
  [ printf "DeSetn
                    %s\n",$0; next }
 el se
  [ if (substr($1,1,1) ~ /[0-9]/) { printf "Dlrtn
```

```
if (substr($NF, length ($NF), 1) == ",")
    {i = 1}
      while (1 <= NF )
         [ if (($i == "REDEFINES") || ($i == "RENAMES") || ($i == "VALUE"))
                             n }
           f printf "\nDlrtn
           printf "%s ", $i; i++ }
      printf "\n"; next
    el se
    [1 = 1]
      while ( i <= NF )
         ( if (($i == "REDEFINES") || ($i == "RENAMES") || ($i == "VALUE"))
           { printf "\nDlrtn " }
           printf "%s ", $1; i++ }
     next
   }
 }
1 1
/./ { print $0 } * $2.nnnnn > $2.nn
rm $2.nnnnn
    break procedure division into statements
maintain.auxc $1.nn
mv $1.nn. modules $1.modules
mv $1.nn.calls $1.calls
maintain, auxc $2.nn
# Printing the heading of the overall number for file one
echo '----- >> $1.list
echo >> $1.list
echo 'OVERALL ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS' >> $1.list
echo >> $1.list
# Calculation module is embedded in maintain, aux1
    compute number[TYPE] of each statement for file one and list the result
maintain, aux1 $1.nn >> $1.list
echo -n $1' '$2' ' >> 0. stats, totals
echo -n $1' '$2' ' >> 0. stats, alters
echo -n $1' '$2' ' >> 0. stats. deletes
echo -n $1' '$2' ' >> 0. stats. adds
cat auxtemp >> C, stats, totals
echo >> 0. stats, total s
rm auxtemp
         fix up divisions file one
/IDENTIFICATION DIVISION/ [ printf "%s %s\n".$1.$2; next }
/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION/ [ printf "%s %s\n", $1, $2; next ]
/DATA DIVISION/ { printf "%s %s\n".$1.$2; next }
/PROCEDURE DIVISION/ { printf "%s %s\n". $1.$2: next }
/./ { print $0; next } * $1.nn > $1.na
rm $1.nn
mv $1.na $1.nn
# fix up divisions file two
awk *
/IDENTIFICATION DIVISION/ { printf "%s %s\n", $1, $2; next }
/ENVIRONMENT DIVISION/ [ printf "%s %s\n".$1.$2: next }
/DATA DIVISION/ [ printf "%s %s\n", $1, $2; next ]
/PROCEDURE DIVISION/ [ printf "%s %s\n", $1,$2; next ]
/./ { print $0; next } * $2.nn > $2.na
rm $2.nn
                                        1 - 4
mv $2.na $2.nn
ě
```

```
*************************
ā

    Difference module

ō
    ************************
ø
   flag alters, deletions and addition in file one --> file two
diff -e $1.nn $2.nn |grep '^[0-9]' |
sed 's/\,/ /g
    s/a/ a /g
    3/C/ 0 /R
    s/d/ d /g! |
BEGIN (printf "BEGIN (1=0)\n")
NF==2 (if ($2 == "a")
       {printf "NR== $d {print \"a\",$0 ;i=1}\n",$1
        printf "NR== $d (print \"h\",$0 ;i=1}\n",($1+1) }
       else {printf "NR== $d {print \"$s\",$0 ;i=1}\n",$1,$2 }}
NF==3 (for (j=$1;j<=$2;j++)
      printf "NR== $d (print \"$s\", $0 ;i=1)\n", j, $3}
END {print "{if (i == 0) print \" \",$0 }\n(if (i!=0) i=0}") > anoth
awk -f anoth $1.nn > $1.r
rm anoth
f flag alters, deletions, and additions in file two --> file one
diff -e $2.nn $1.nn |grep '.^[0-9]' |
sed 's/\,/ /g
    s/a/ a /g
    s/c/ c /g
    s/d/ d /g' |
BEGIN {printf "BEGIN {i=0}\n"}
NF==2 (if ($2 == "a")
       {printf "NR== $d {print \"a\",$0 ;i=1}\n",$1
        printf "NR== $d (print \"h\",$0 ;i=1}\n",($1+1) }
       else (printf "NR== $d (print \"$s\", $0 ;i=1}\n", $1, $2 }}
NF==3 [for (j=$1;j<=$2;j++)
      printf "NR== $d (print \"$s\",$0 ;i=1}\n", j,$3}
END {print "[if (i == 0) print \" \",$0 }\n[if (i!=0) i=0}"] > anoth
awk -f anoth $2.nn > $1.h
rm anoth
    *************************
  * Report module *
   *************************
maintain, aux $1.r >> $1.list
maintain.auxa $1.h >> $1.list
if there were altered, then print out an analysis of those altered
if (test -f $1.r.c)
then
maintain, auxb $1.nn $2.nn >> $1.list
rm $1.r.c
11
rm $1.nn $2.nn
f if there were deleted, then list the deleted statements
if (test -f delefile)
then
   echo !----- >> $1.list
   echo >> $1.list
```

```
echo 'LIST THE DELETED STATEMENTS' >> $1.list
   echo >> $1.list
   cat delefile >> $1.list
   rm delefile
   echo >> $1.list
 fi
 # if there were added, then list the added statements
 if (test -f addsfile)
then
  echo '----' >> $1.list
  echo >> $1.list
 echo 'LIST THE ADDED STATEMENTS' >> $1.11st
  echo >> $1.list
 cat addsfile >> $1.list
rm addsfile
  echo >> $1.list
fi
   0. stats
rm 0. stats. *
rm $1. *
rm $2.nn. *
# eof: maintain
```

```
# program: maintain.aux
# tabulating number of addition sections, deletions, altered
   create a new file "ctemp", "alterfile" to store altered statements
3
   create a new file "dtemp", "delefile" to store deleted statements
Æ
awk f
BEGIN \{ A = 0; C = 0; D = 0 \}
/a/ [ A++ ]
/c/ { print $0 > "ctemp"; C++ }
/d/ { print $0 > "dtemp"; D++ }
printf "TOTAL NUMBER OF ADDED SECTIONS IS: 1d \n", A;
     printf "%d %d %d ", A, C, D >> "O. stats";
     printf "TOTAL NUMBER OF ALTERED: %d \n", C;
     printf "TOTAL NUMBER OF DELETIONS: %d \n", D;
     echo '-----t
echo
echo 'ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS ALTERED'
# if there are altered
    remove c in front -- for uniform treatment
    tabulate numbers of each statement type via maintain, aux1
if (test -f ctemp)
then
 sed 's/c/ /' ctemp > alterfile
 # compute Number[TYPE] of each statement in altered file and list result
 maintain, aux1 alterfile
 cat auxtemp >> 0. stats, altered
 echo "altered" > $1.c
 rm ctemp alterfile auxtemp
el se
 echo " *** NO STATEMENTS ALTERED ****
fi
echo
echo
echo !-----
echo 'ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS DELETED'
echo
# if there are deletions
    remove d in front -- for uniform treatment
    tabulate numbers of each statement type via maintain, aux1
if (test -f dtemp)
then
 sed 's/d/ /' dtemp > delefile
 # compute Number[TYPE] of each statement for delefile and list result
 maintain, aux1 delefile
 cat auxtemp >> 0. stats. deletes
 rm dtemp auxtemp
el se
 echo **** NO STATEMENTS DELETED ****
fi
echo
echo !------
echo 'AN ALYSIS OF STATEMENTS ADDED'
echo
# eof: maintain.aux
```

```
# program: maintain, auxa
 # tabulate the number of added statements via flipping of files
awk f
 BEGIN [ D = 0 ]
 /d/ [ print $0 > "dtemp"; D++ ]
 END | printf "TOTAL NUMBER OF ADDED STATEMENTS: Id\n\n". D:
      printf "%d\n", D >> "0. stats"}' $1
 # if there were additions
     then remove d from front
     tabulate number of each statement type via maintain, aux1
 if (test -f dtemp)
 then
   sed 's/d/ /' dtemp > addsfile
   # compute Number[TYPE] of each statement in added file
   maintain, aux1 addsfile
   cat auxtemp >> 0. stats, adds
   rm dtemp auxtemp
fi
# eof: maintain, auxa
# program: maintain, auxb
# processes altered, listing original statement, and new statement
echo '-----1
echo 'ANALYSIS OF ALTERED STATEMENTS'
echo
echo
diff -1 $1 $2 |
awk t
/[a|d]/ {flag = 0}
/c/ [flag = 1; print $0]
/</_/[c|d|a]/ (if (flag == 1) print $0}' |
awk 1
/c/ {printf "\n\n"; next}
/</ [print "ORIGINAL LINE ", $0; next ]
/>/ { print "NEWLINE ", $0; next }
/---/ {if (NF == 1) { printf "\nALTERED TO \n\n" }; next} "
```

eof: maintain, auxb

```
# program: maintain.auxo
 á
    process the procedure division splitting statements up
 ā
       split into two temporary files
 awk '/PROCEDURE DIVISION/,/EnD/ [ print $0 >> "last.part"; next }
 /./ { print $0 >> "first.part" } 31
 rm $1
 # place a q in front of all keywords we are looking at
 sed '
 s/ MOVE / gMOVE /g
s/ ADD / gADD /g
s/ SUBTRACT / qSUBTRACT /g
s/ MULTIPLY / qMULTIPLY /g
s/ DIVIDE / qDIVIDE /g
s/ COMPUTE / qCOMPUTE /g
s/ IF / qIF /g
s/ ELSE / qqELSE /g
3/ ON / qON /g
s/ AT END / gAT END /g
s/ CALL / qCALL /g
s/ PERFORM / qPERFORM /g
s/ GO / qGO /g
s/ ALTER / gALTER /g
s/ NEXT / QNEXT /g
s/ EXIT / qEXIT /g
s/ STOP / qSTOP /g
s/ COPY / qCOPY /g
s/ DELETE / qDELETE /g
s/ DISPLAY / qDISPLAY /g
s/ OPEN / gOPEN /g
s/ CLOSE / qCLOSE /g
s/ READ / gREAD /g
s/ REWRITE / qREWRITE /g
s/ WRITE / qWRITE /g
s/ ACCEPT / QACCEPT /g
s/ SEARCH / qSEARCH /g
s/ SORT / qSORT /g
s/ SET / qSET /g
s/ GOBACK / qGOBACK /g
s/ EXEC CICS/ GEXEC CICS/g
3/ TRANSFORM/ qTRANSFORM/g
S/ EXAMINE / GEXAMINE /g
s/ INSPECT / qINSPECT /g' last.part >> last.part.n
rm last, part
# split up into keyword per line
awk 1
BEGIN { line = 0;}
/EnD/ [ printf "\n"; next }
[ if (substr($1,1,1) == "#") { if (line == 1) { printf "\n" }
                               printf "%s\n".$0: line = 0 }
 else
  [1 = 1]
   while (i <= NF)
   { if (substr ($1,1,1) == "q")
        { if (line == 1) { printf "\n" }
         if (substr ($1,2,1) == "q")
         { printf "%s ", substr($1,3,length ($1)-2); line = 0 }
```

```
el 36
           { printf "%s ", substr($i,2,length ($i)-1); line = 1 }
      else | printf "is ".31: line = 1 |
      1++
    if (substr(3NF, length (3NF),1) == ".") [ printf "\n"; line = 0 }
| last.part.n > last.part
rm last.part.n
# remove q in comment
sed !
s/q//g ! last.part > last.part.a
rm last. part
mv last. part. a last. part
# indent for if nesting levels printable version
awk 'BEGIN [ level = 0 ]
NF == 1 && substr($NF, length ($NF),1) == "." && substr($NF,1,1) ~ /[0-9]/ { level = 0 }
/./ { if (level != 0)
         {1 = 1}
           while (i <= level)
           [ printf " "; i++ ]
/IF / [ print $0
         level++
         if ((substr ($NF.length ($NF).1) == ".") && (level > 0)) { level-- }
/./ { print $0
      if ((substr ($NF,length ($NF),1) == ".") && (level > 0))
      { level = 0 } } ' last.part > last.part.n
rm last. part
# return in original file
cat first. part last. part. n > $:
f create files to be used to hand generate the hierarchy diagram
maintain, auxm last, part, n
mv calls $1. calls
mv modules $1, modules
rm first, part last, part, n
```

eof: maintain, auxo

```
# program: maintain, aux1
# compute numbers of statement for each type
and tabulate the actual number of individual statement types
BEGIN { com_ent = 0; r_com_ent = 0; nl_com_ent = 0;
        other_ent = 0; cies_ent = 0; goback_ent = 0; transform_ent = 0;
        tdec_cnt = 0; dec_cnt = 0; dsec_cnt = 0; fd_cnt = 0;
/ value is counted in both tdec_ont and assign_ont
        value_ont = 0; redefines_ont = 0; renames_ont = 0;
        assign_ont = 0; move_ont = 0; add_ont = 0; divide_ont = 0;
          multiply ent = 0: subtract ent = 0: compute_ent = 0;
        branch_cnt = 0; next_cnt = 0; exit_cnt = 0; stop_cnt = 0;
          goto cnt = 0: alter cnt = 0: perform cnt = 0: call cnt = 0;
        I O cnt = 0: copy cnt = 0: delete cnt = 0; display_cnt = 0;
          open_cnt = 0; close_cnt = 0; read_cnt = 0; write_cnt = 0;
          rewrite_cnt = 0; accept_cnt = 0;
        examine_cnt = 0; inspect_cnt = 0;
        search_cnt = 0; sort_cnt = 0; set_cnt = 0;
        cond_cnt = 0; if_cnt = 0; else_cnt = 0; on_cnt = 0; onsize_cnt = 0;
        env_cnt = 0; configuration_cnt = 0; in_out_cnt = 0; file_cont_cnt = 0;
          select_cnt = 0; special_cnt = 0; sp_is_cnt = 0; scomp_cnt = 0;
          ocomp ent = 0: ibm_ent = 0;
        label cnt = 0: at end cnt = 0
NF == 1 && substr ($NF.length($NF).1) == "." && substr ($NF.1.1) " /[0-9]/
   [ label_cnt++ ]
# skip divisions
/ DIVISION/ [ next ]
# comments
substr ($1,1,1) == "#" { com_cnt++
                         if (NF == 1) { nl_com_cnt++ }
                         next }
/Comment/ { r_com_cnt++; com_cnt ++; next }
# environment section statements
/Env/ [ if ($1 == "CONFIGURATION") [ configuration cnt++; env cnt++; next ]
       else [ if ($1 == "IN PUT-CUTPUT") [ in_out_cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else { if ($1 == "FILE-CONTROL.") { file_cont_cnt++; env_cnt++; next }
       else [ if ($1 == "SPECIAL-NAMES.") [ special_cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else [ if ($1 == "SOURCE-COMPUTER.") [ scomp_cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else [ if ($1 == "OBJECT-COMPUTER.") [ ocomp_cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else [ if ($1 == "IBM-3083.") [ ibm_cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else { if ($1 == "IBM-370.") { ibm_cnt++; env_cnt++; next }
       else [ if ($1 == "SELECT") [ select cnt++; env_cnt++; next ]
       else ( if ($2 == "IS") ( sp is cnt++; env_cnt++; next }}}}}}
 # declarations
 /Dlrtn/ { if ($2 == "FD") { fd_cnt++; tdec_cnt++; next }
           else [ if ($2 == "VALUE") [ assign_cnt++; value_cnt++; tdec_cnt++; next }
           else [ if ($2 == "REDEFINES") [ redefines_cnt ++; tdeq_cnt++; next }
           else [ if ($2 == "RENAMES") [ renames_cnt ++; tdeq_cnt++; next ]
           else { dec_cnt ++; tdec_cnt++; next } } } }
 /DeSetn/ { dseq_cnt ++; tdeq_cnt++; next }
 /ELSE / [ cond_cnt++; else_cnt++; next ]
 # assignment
 /MOVE / [ assign_cnt++; move_cnt++; next ]
 /ADD / [ assign_cnt++; add_cnt++; next ]
 /SUBTRACT / [ assign_cnt++; subtract_cnt++; next ]
 /MULTIPLY / [ assign_cnt++; multiply_cnt++; next ]
 /DIVIDE / [ assign_cnt++; divide_cnt++; next ]
 /COMPUTE / [ assign_cnt++; compute_cnt++; next ]
```

```
# conditionals
    /IF / { cond_cnt++; if_cnt++; next }
    /CN SIZE ERROR / { cond_cnt++; onsize_cnt++; next }
    /ON / { cond_cnt++; on_cnt++; next; }
    /AT END / { cond_cnt++; at_end_cnt++; next; }
    # looping -- branching
    /EXIT / { branch_cnt++; exit_cnt++; next }
    /CALL / { branch_cnt++; call_cnt++; next }
    /PERFORM / [ branch_cnt++; perform_cnt++; next ]
    /GO TO / [ branch_cnt++; goto_cnt++; next ]
    /NEXT / { branch_cnt++; next_cnt++; next }
    /STOP / { branch_cnt++; stop_cnt++; next }
    # input-output
    /DELETE / { I_Q_cnt++; delete_cnt++; next }
    /DISPLAY / [ I_O_cnt++; display_cnt++; next ]
    /OPEN / { I_O_cnt++; open_cnt++; next }
    /CLOSE / { I_0_cnt++; close_cnt++; next }
    /READ / [ I_O_cnt++; read_cnt++; next ]
    /REWRITE / { I_O_cnt++; rewrite_cnt++; next }
    /WRITE / { I_O_cnt++; write_cnt++; next }
    /ACCEPT / { I_Q_cnt++; accept_cnt++; next }
    # other
    /COPY / { other_cnt++; copy_cnt++; next }
    /ALTER / { other_cnt++; alter_cnt++; next }
    /SEARCH / { search_cnt++; other_cnt ++; next }
    /SORT / { sort_cnt++; other_cnt ++; next }
    /SET / { set_cnt++; other_cnt ++; next }
    /TRANSFORM / { other_cnt++; transform_cnt++; next }
    /EXAMINE / { other_cnt++; examine_cnt++; next }
    /INSPECT / { other_cnt ++; inspect_cnt++; next }
    /EXEC CICS/ { cics_cnt ++; other_cnt ++; next }
    /GOBACK/ { goback_cnt ++; other_cnt ++; next }
END { u_cs = com_ent - r_com_ent - nl_com_ent;
     print "NUMBER OF LINES OF COMMENTS : ", com_ent;
               IDENTIFICATION DIVISION : ", r_com_ent;
      print "
                SPACING PURPOSES
                                       : ", nl_com_ent;
      print " USEFUL COMMENTS
                                        : ",u_cs;
     printf "%d %d %d %d ", com_ent, r_com_ent, nl_com_ent, u_es >> "auxtemp";
     print "NUMBER OF ENVIRONMENT STATEMENTS : ", env_ont;
     print "
                    CONFIGURATION SECTION : ", configuration_ent;
     print "
                      SOURCE-COMPUTER
                                              : ", scomp_ent;
     print "
                      OBJECT-COMPUTER
                                              : ", ocomp_ent;
     print "
                     COMPUTER SPECIFICATION : ", ibm_cnt;
     orint "
                     SPECIAL NAMES
                                              : ", special_cnt;
     print "
                     SPECIAL NAME ASSIGNMENT : ", sp_is_cnt;
     print "
                     IN PUT-OUTPUT SECTION : ", in_out_cnt;
     print "
                     FILE-CONTROL
                                              : ".file_cont_cnt;
     print "
                     SELECT
                                              : ".select_cnt;
     printf "%d ", env_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", configuration_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", scomp_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ",ocomp_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", imb_ent >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", special_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", sp_is_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", in_out_ent >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ",file_cont_cnt >> "auxtemp";
    printf "%d ", select_cnt >> "auxtemp";
    print " ";
    print "NUMBER OF DECLARATIONS : ", tdec_cnt;
```

```
print "
                   SECTIONS
                                 : ", dseq_cnt;
  print "
                  FD
                                 : 4, fd_cnt;
  print "
                  DECLARATIONS : ", dec_ont;
 print "
                   VALUE CLAUSES : ", value_cnt;
 print "
                  REDEFINES
                               : ", redefines_cnt;
 print "
                  R EN AMES
                                 : ",renames_cnt;
 printf "%d ", tdec_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "%d ", dsec_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "id ", fd_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "%d ", dec_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "%d %d %d ", value_cnt, redefines_cnt, renames_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 print " ";
 print "NUMBER OF ASSIGNMENTS : ", assign_cnt;
 print " *** note that the above total includes VALUES CLAUSES ***";
 print "
                            : ", move_cnt;
                  MOVE
 crint "
                              : ",add_cnt;
                   ADD
 print "
                   SUBTRACT
                             : ", subtract_ent;
 orint "
                  MULTIPLY
                            : ", mul tiply_cnt;
                              : ", divide_cnt;
 print "
                  DIVIDE
 orint "
                  COMPUTE
                             : ".compute_cnt;
 printf "%d %d %d %d ", assign_cnt, move_cnt, add_cnt, subtract_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "%d %d %d ", multiply_cnt, divide_cnt, compute_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 print " ":
 print "NUMBER OF CONDITIONALS : ", cond_ent;
 print "
                  TE
                                : ",if_cnt;
 print "
                  ELSE
                                : ", el se_cnt;
 print "
                  CN
                                : ", on_cnt;
 print "
                  CN SIZE ERROR : ", onsize_cnt;
                  AT END : ", at_end_cnt;
 printf "%d %d %d %d ", cond_cnt , if_cnt , else_cnt , on_cnt >> "auxtemp";
 printf "%d %d ", onsize_cnt, at_end_cnt >> "auxtemp";
print " ":
print "NUMBER OF BRANCHINGS : ", branch_ent;
print "
                 CALL : ", call_ent;
print "
                           : ", perform_cnt;
                  PERFORM
print "
                  GO TO
                           : ", goto_cnt;
print "
                  NEXT
                            : ", next_cnt;
print "
                  EXIT
                             : ", exit_cnt;
print "
                 STOP
                           : ",stop_ent;
printf "%d %d %d %d ", branch_cnt, call_cnt, perform_cnt, goto_cnt >> "auxtemp";
printf "%d %d %d", next_cnt, exit_cnt, stop_cnt >> "auxtemp";
print "NUMBER OF INPUT/OUTPUT : ", LQ ent;
orint "
                            : ", delete_cnt;
                 DELETE
print "
                              : ", display_cnt;
                 DISPLAY
orint *
                               : ", open_cnt;
                 OPEN
print "
                              : ", close_cnt;
                 CLOSE
print "
                 READ
                              : ", read_cnt;
print "
                 REWRITE
                              : ", rewrite_cnt;
print "
                 WRITE
                               : ".write_cnt;
print "
                 ACCEPT
                              : ",accept_cnt;
printf "%d ", I_O_cnt >> "auxtemp";
printf "%d %d %d %d ", delete_cnt, display_cnt, open_cnt, close_cnt >> "auxtemp";
printf "%d %d %d %d ", read_cnt, rewrite_cnt, write_cnt, accept_cnt >> "auxtemp";
print " ":
print "NUMBER OF LABELS : ", label cnt:
printf "%d ",label_cnt >> "auxtemp";
print "NUMBER OF OTHER STATEMENTS: ",otner_cnt;
print "
                                 : ", copy_cnt;
                COPY
print "
                 ALTER
                                  : ", al ter_cnt;
print "
                TRANSFORM
                                  : ", transform_ent;
print "
                EXAMINE
                                  : ", examine_cnt;
print "
                INSPECT
                                  : ",inspect_cnt;
printf "%d %d ", other_cnt, copy_cnt >> "auxtemp";
printf "%d %d ", alter_cnt, transform_cnt >> "auxtemp";
```

```
printf "id ", examine_ont >> "auxtemp";
     printf "id ", inspect_ent >> "auxtemp";
     printf "id ", search_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "%d ", sort_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "id ", set_ont >> "auxtemp";
     printf "id ", cics_cnt >> "auxtemp";
     printf "id", goback_ent >> "auxtemp";
                              : ", search_cnt;
     print "
                   SEARCH
                                     : ", sort_ent;
     print "
                     SCRT
     print "
                     SET
                                     : ", set_cnt;
                                    : ", cics_cnt;
     print "
                     CICS EXEC
                                     : ", goback_ent } ' $1
     print *
                     GCBACK
# eof: maintain, aux1
```

```
Appendix B. Example COBOL Program Version.1
 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
                                                                    4 940002
                                                                    4840003
     PROGRAM-ID. XXXXX
                                                                    4.340004
      AUTHOR, XXXXX, XXXXX
     VERSION 1.
                                                                    14 84 00005
     TN STALLATION. XXXXXXXXXXXX
                                                                    4.840006
     DATE-WRITTEN. APRIL 1984
                                                                    4840007
     * PROGRADM WAS WRITTEN FROM PRG JEX 10-8-84 MVS
                                                                    4840008
     * CONVERSION, MODIFIED SELECT CLAUSE
                                                                    4840009
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
                                                                    4840011
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
                                                                    4840012
SOURCE-COMPUTER. IBM-370.
                                                                    4840013
CBJECT-COMPUTER, IBM-370.
                                                                    4840014
IN PUT-CUTPUT SECTION.
                                                                    4840015
FILE-CONTROL.
                                                                    4 8400 16
    SELECT PRINT-FILE ASSIGN SYSO03-UR-1403-S.
                                                                    4840017
    SELECT CARD-FILE ASSIGN SYSOO4-UR-2520R-S.
                                                                    11840018
                                                                    4840019
DATA DIVISION.
                                                                    31 8年0020
FILE SECTION.
                                                                    11 8110021
                                                                    It Strongs
FD PRINT-FILE LABEL RECORDS ARE OMITTED
                                                                    4840023
    REPORT IS REPORT-DETAIL.
                                                                    4840024
                                                                    4840025
FD CARD-FILE LABEL RECORDS ARE OMITTED.
                                                                    4840026
O1 CARD-REC PIC X(80).
                                                                    4840027
                                                                    4840028
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
                                                                    4840029
                                                                    4840030
O1 WRK-REC.
                                                                    4840031
    02 C-FILL PIC X(5).
                                                                    4840032
    02 FILLER REDEFINES C-FILL.
                                                                    4840033
       OR FILLER PIC X.
                                                                    4840034
          88 DOLLAR-SIGN VALUE '$'.
                                                                    4 840035
      03 FILLER PIC X(4).
                                                                    4 840036
    02 C-DATE REDEFINES C-FILL PIC 9(5).
                                                                    4840037
    02 C-REF PIC X(6).
                                                                    4840038
    02 FILLER PIC X(5).
                                                                    4840039
    O2 C-ACTA PIC X(4).
                                                                    4840040
    02 C-ACTE PIC X(3).
                                                                    4840041
    02 C-ACTC PIC X(3).
                                                                    4840042
    02 FILLER PIC X.
                                                                    4840043
    02 C-AMNTX PIC X(11).
                                                                    4840044
    02 C-AMNT REDEFINES C-AMNTX PIC 9(9) V99.
                                                                    4 840045
    02 C-AMNTSIGN PIC X.
                                                                    4840046
    02 FILLER PIC X(8).
                                                                    4840047
    02 C-TYPE PIC X.
                                                                   4840048
    02 FILLER PIC X(12).
                                                                    11 81100119
    02 C-VEND PIC X(5).
                                                                    4 840050
    02 C-DESC PIC X(15).
                                                                    4840051
                                                                    4840052
O1 AMT
                         PIC S9(9) V99 VALUE ZERO.
                                                                    4840053
                                                                    11 Shoos 11
REPORT SECTION.
                                                                   4 84 0 0 5 5
RD REPORT-DETAIL
                                                                   4 840056
    PAGE LIMIT IS 65 LINES
                                                                    4840057
    HEADING 1
                                                                    4840058
    FIRST DETAIL 4.
                                                                   4840059
01 PAGE-HEADER TYPE IS PAGE HEADING.
                                                                   4 84 0 0 6 0
    05 LINE NUMBER IS 1.
                                                                   4 84006 1
     10 COLUMN 30 PIC X(2) VALUE 'EDO283'.
10 COLUMN 30 PIC X(21) VALUE 'DISTRIBUTION KICKOUTS'.
10 COLUMN 78 PIC X(4) VALUE 'DATE'.
                                                                   It Strong a
                                                                   4840063
```

10 COLUMN 83 PIC X(8) SOURCE CURRENT-DATE.	4 840 C 6 5 4 84 0 C 6 6
	4840067
	u 84 0 0 6 8
10 COLUMN 78 PIC X(4) VALUE TAGE - CCUNTER.	4 840 06 9
	4 34007 0
	a 84 0 0 7 1
	4 840 07 2
	4 84 0 0 7 3
- actual E7 OTC V(3) VALUE 'AML's	4 34 0 0 7 4
	4 84 0 0 7 5
	4840076
10 COLUMN 85 PIC X(11) VALUE DESCRIPTION	4 84 0077
	4 84 0 0 7 8
10 COLUMN 20 PIC X(10) VALUE SPACES.	4 84 0 0 7 9
	4840080
O1 REPORT-LINE TYPE IS DETAIL.	4 84 0 0 8 1
as the mimber is PLUS 2.	4 8400 82
10 COLUMN 02 PIC Z989989 SOURCE C-DATE.	4 84 0 0 83
10 COLUMN ON PIC X VALUE '-'-	4 84 0 0 84
10 COLUMN OF PIC X VALUE '-'.	4 8400 85
40 COLUMN 12 PTC X(b) SUUNCE CERE.	4840086
10 COLUMN 20 PIC X(4) SOURCE C-ACTA.	4840087
10 COLUMN 24 PIC X VALUE '-'.	4840088
10 COLUMN 25 PIC X(3) SOURCE C-ACTB.	4840089
10 COLUMN 28 PIC X VALUE '-'. 10 COLUMN 29 PIC X(3) SOURCE C-ACTC.	4 84 0 0 90
10 COLUMN 51 PIC ZZZ, ZZZ, ZZZ, ZZ9.99- SCURCE AMT.	4 84 0 0 9 1
10 COLUMN 51 PIC 222, 222, 227, 237, 10 COLUMN 68 PIC X SOURCE C-TYPE.	4 840092
10 COLUMN 74 PIC X (5) SOURCE C-VEND.	4 84 0 0 9 3
10 COLUMN 74 PIC X(37 SOURCE C-DESC.	4 84 0 0 94
10 COLUMN 63 FIC X(13) See Hell	4 84 0 0 9 5
	4 84 0 0 96
O1 ERROR-DETAIL TYPE IS DETAIL.	4 84 00 97
- cross such per TS PLUS 3.	4840098
*O COV UMAN OO PTC Y(Q) VALUE "***EHHUR".	4 84 00 9 9
10 COLUMN 10 PIC X(80) SOURCE WRK-REC.	4 840100 4 840101
10 0000111 10 1-1 11 1	4840102
PROCEDURE DIVISION.	4840103
FROMEOUS PER	4 84 0 1 0 4
OPEN OUTPUT PRINT-FILE	4 840105
IN PUT CARD-FILE.	4 840 106
IN IT LATE REPORT-DETAIL.	4840107
	4840108
1000-LOOP.	4840109
1000-LOOP. READ CARD-FILE INTO WRK-REC AT END GO TO 3000-EOF.	4840110
IF DOLLAR-SIGN	4840111
GO TO 1000-LOOP.	4840112
EXAMINE C-AMNIX REPLACING ALL SPACES BY ZERO.	4840113
IF C-AMNIX NOT NUMERIC	4840114
GENERATE ERROR-DETAIL	4840115
MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNTX.	4840116
IF C-AMNISIGN EQUAL '-' COMPUTE AMT EQUAL C-AMNI " -1	4840117
	4840118
ELSE MOVE C-AMNT TO AMT.	4840119
GENERATE REPORT-LINE.	4 84 0 1 2 0
MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNT.	4 840121
GO TO 1000-LOOP.	4840122 4840123
3000-E0F.	4840123
TERMINATE REPORT-DETAIL.	4 840 125
CLOSE CARD-FILE PRINT-FILE	4840126
STOP RUN.	- 040 120

```
Appendix C. Example COBOL Program Version.2
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
                                                                   9.840002
                                                                   $ 84 C C C 3
     PROGRAM-ID. XXXXX
     AUTHOR, XXXXX, XXXXX
                                                                   11 511 000 11
                                                                   4 840005
     VERSION 2
                                                                   a 84 0006
     TN STALLATION. XXXXXXXXXXXX
                                                                   4 340007
     DATE-WRITTEN, APRIL 1984
                                                                   4 540012
FNV TRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
                                                                   1 SHOO13
                                                                   11 840014
SOURCE-COMPUTER, IBM-370.
                                                                   4840015
OBJECT-COMPUTER, IBM-370.
                                                                   4 8400 16
IN PUT-CUIPUT SECTION.
                                                                   4840017
ETILE-CONTROL.
    SELECT PRINT-FILE ASSIGN UT-PIL.
                                                                   4840018
                                                                   4840019
    SELECT CARD-FILE ASSIGN UT-CARDIN.
                                                                   น ยนกกรก
DATA DIVISION.
                                                                   11 20 0 0 2 1
FILE SECTION.
                                                                   は おはいいつつ
                                                                   4840023
FD PRINT-FILE LABEL RECORDS ARE OMITTED
                                                                   4 840024
    REPORT IS REPORT-DETAIL.
                                                                   4 840025
                                                                   4840026
                                                                   4 840027
FD CARD-FILE LABEL RECORDS ARE OMITTED.
                                                                   1 840028
01 CARD-REC PIC X(80).
                                                                   4840029
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
                                                                   4840030
                                                                   4840031
of WRK-REC.
                                                                   4840032
    02 C-FILL PIC X(5).
                                                                   4840033
    02 FILLER REDEFINES C-FILL.
                                                                   4 840034
                                                                  4 840035
       03 FILLER PIC X.
          88 DOLLAR-SIGN VALUE '$'.
                                                                  4 840036
       O3 FILLER PIC X(4).
                                                                 4 840037
    02 C-DATE REDEFINES C-FILL PIC 9(5).
                                                                 4840038
    02 C-REF PIC X(6).
                                                                   11 811 0 0 3 0
    02 FILLER PIC X(5).
                                                                   11 811 nn 11 n
    O2 C-ACTA PIC X(4).
                                                                   4840041
    02 C-ACTB PIC X(3).
                                                                   4840042
    02 C-ACTC PIC X(3).
                                                                   4840043
    O2 FILLER PIC X.
                                                                  4 840044
    02 C- AMN TX PIC X(11).
                                                                  1 840045
    02 C-AMNT REDEFINES C-AMNTX PIC 9(9) V99.
                                                                  1 8h0046
                                                                   1 8kmn17
    02 C-AMNITSTON PTC X.
                                                                   1 8400 H 8
    02 FILLER PTC X(8).
    02 C-TYPE PIC X.
                                                                  4840049
    02 FILLER PIC X(12).
                                                                  4 840050
    02 C-VEND PIC X(5).
                                                                  4 840051
    02 C-DESC PIC X(15).
                                                                  4 840052
                                                                  4840053
O1 AMT
                         PIC S9(9) V99 VALUE ZERO.
                                                                  4 840054
                                                                  4 840055
REPORT SECTION.
                                                                  4 84 00 56
RD REPORT-DETAIL
                                                                  4 840057
    PAGE LIMIT IS 65 LINES
                                                                  4840058
    HEADING 1
                                                                  4840059
    FIRST DETAIL 4.
                                                                  4 84 0 0 6 0
O1 PAGE-HEADER TYPE IS PAGE HEADING.
                                                                  1 84006 1
    05 LINE NUMBER IS 1.
                                                                  4840062
      10 COLUMN 02 PIC X(6) VALUE 'ED0283'.
                                                                  4 84 0 0 6 3
     10 COLUMN 30 PIC X(21) VALUE 'DISTRIBUTION KICKOUTS'. 4840064
10 COLUMN 78 PIC X(4) VALUE 'DATE'. 4840065
     10 COLUMN 83 PIC X(8) SOURCE CURRENT-DATE.
                                                                 1 84 006 6
```

05 LINE NUMBER IS PLUS 1.	4840067
10 COLUMN 78 PIC X(4) VALUE 'PAGE'. 10 COLUMN 82 PIC Z(4) SOURCE PAGE-COUNTER.	4 34 0 0 6 8
05 LINE NUMBER IS PLUS 1.	4 84 0 0 6 9
10 COLUMN 03 PIC X(4) VALUE 'DATE'.	4 34 0 0 7 0
10 COLUMN 12 PIC X(6) VALUE 'REF NC'.	4 34 0 0 7 1
10 COLUMN 23 PIC X(7) VALUE 'ACCT NO'.	4840073
10 COLUMN 57 PIC X(3) VALUE 'AMT'.	4 84 0 0 7 4
10 COLUMN 67 PIC X(4) VALUE 'TYPE'.	4 840 07 5
10 COLUMN 74 PIC X(6) VALUE 'VENDOR'.	4840076
10 COLUMN 85 PIC X(11) VALUE 'DESCRIPTION'.	4840077
05 LINE NUMBER IS FLUS 1. 10 COLUMN 20 PIC X(10) VALUE SPACES.	4 84007 8
TO COLUMN 20 FIC X(10) VALUE SPRCES.	4 840079
O1 REPORT-LINE TYPE IS DETAIL.	4 84 0 0 80 4 84 0 0 81
05 LINE NUMBER IS PLUS 2.	4 8400 82
10 COLUMN 02 PIC Z9B99B9 SOURCE C-DATE.	4 84 C O 83
10 COLUMN 04 PIC X VALUE '-'.	4 84 0 0 84
10 COLUMN O7 PIC X VALUE '-'.	4 8400 85
10 COLUMN 12 PIC X(6) SOURCE C-REF. 10 COLUMN 20 PIC X(4) SOURCE C-ACTA.	4840086
10 COLUMN 24 PIC X VALUE '-'.	4 84 C 0 87
10 COLUMN 25 PIC X(3) SOURCE C-ACTB.	4840088 4840089
10 COLUMN 28 PIC X VALUE '-'.	4 84 0 0 90
10 COLUMN 29 PIC X(3) SOURCE C-ACTC.	4 84 0 0 9 1
10 COLUMN 51 PIC ZZZ, ZZZ, ZZ9.99- SCURCE AMT.	4 84 0 0 92
TO COLUMN 60 PIC X SOUNCE C-TYPE.	4 840093
10 COLUMN 74 PIC X(5) SOURCE C-VEND. 10 COLUMN 83 PIC X(15) SOURCE C-DESC.	4840094
TO COLOTA 65 FIC X(15) SOURCE C-DESC.	4 84 0 0 95
	4 84 0 0 96
O1 ERROR-DETAIL TYPE IS DETAIL.	4840097 4840098
05 LINE NUMBER IS PLUS 3.	4 840099
10 COLUMN O2 PIC X(9) VALUE '****ERROR'.	4 840 100
10 COLUMN 10 PIC X(80) SOURCE WRK-REC.	4840101
PROCEDURE DIVISION.	4840102
	4840103
OPEN OUTPUT PRINT-FILE	4 840 1 0 4 4 84 0 1 0 5
INPUT CARD-FILE.	4 84 0 1 0 6
INITIATE REPORT-DETAIL.	4840107
1000-L00P-	4840108
READ CARD-FILE INTO WRK-REC AT END GO TO 3000-EOF.	4840109
IF DOLLAR-SIGN	4840110
GO TO 1000-LOOP.	4840111
•	4840112 4840000
•	4840001
DYANTUR O ANDRO AREA	4840002
EXAMINE C-AMNIX REPLACING ALL SPACES BY ZERO. IF C-AMNIX NOT NUMERIC	4840113
GENERATE ERROR-DETAIL	4840114
MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNIX.	4 840 1 1 5
IF C-AMNITSIGN EQUAL '-'	4 84 0 1 16 4 84 0 1 17
COMPUTE AMT EQUAL C-AMNT # -1	4840118
EL SE	4840119
MOVE C-AMN'T TO AMT. GENERATE REPORT-LINE.	4840120
MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNT.	4840121
GO TO 1000-LOOP.	4840122
3000-E0F.	4 840123
TERMINATE REPORT-DETAIL.	4840124 4840125
CLOSE CARD-FILE PRINT-FILE STOP RUN.	4 84 0 1 2 6
C-2	4840127

```
Appendix D. Result from Running Maintain
 ANALYSIS FOR: CCBCL.1 COBCL.2
 LIST OF MISSING DIVISIONS FOR COBCL. 1
 END OF LIST
 LIST OF MISSING DIVISIONS FOR COBOL.2
 END OF LIST
 ______
 OVERALL ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS
 NUMBER OF LINES OF COMMENTS : 10
    IDENTIFICATION DIVISION : 7
    SPACING PURPOSES : 0
    USEFUL COMMENTS
 NUMBER OF ENVIRONMENT STATEMENTS : 7
         CONFIGURATION SECTION : 1
         SOURCE-COMPUTER
         OB JECT-COMPUTER
         COMPUTER SPECIFICATION : 0
         SPECIAL NAMES : 0
         SPECTAL NAME ASSIGNMENT: 0
         IN PUT-OUTPUT SECTION : 1
         FILE-CONTROL
         SELECT
                              : 2
 NUMBER OF DECLARATIONS : 85
         SECTIONS : 2
         FD
         DECLARATIONS : 61
         VALUE CLAUSES : 19
         REDEFINES : 3
RENAMES : 0
 NUMBER OF ASSIGNMENTS: 21
 *** note that the above total includes VALUES CLAUSES ***
         MOVE : 1
         SUBTRACT ;
         SUBTRACT : 0
MULTIPLY : 0
DIVIDE : 0
COMPUTE : 1
NUMBER OF CONDITIONALS : 4
         IF
         ELSE
         ON
         ON SIZE ERROR : O
         AT END : 1
NUMBER OF BRANCHINGS : 4
```

```
CALL : 0
PERFORM : 0
GO TO : 3
MEXT : 0
                  ; 0
         EXIT
                  . 1
         STOP
 NUMBER OF INPUT/CUTPUT: 3
         DELETE : 0
                    : 0
         DISPLAY
         OPEN
         CLOSE
         READ
         REWRITE
WRITE
ACCEPT
                   : 0
                    : 0
NUMBER OF LABELS : 2
NUMBER OF OTHER STATEMENTS: 1
                : 0
         COPY
         AL TER
         TR AN SFORM
                         1
         EXAMINE
         INSPECT
                       : 0
         SEARCH
         SORT
                       : 0
         SET
         CICS EXEC
                      : 0
         GORACK
                      : 0
TOTAL NUMBER OF ADDED SECTIONS IS: 1
TOTAL NUMBER OF ALTERS: 7
TOTAL NUMBER OF DELETIONS: 2
************************************
AN ALYSIS OF STATEMENTS ALTERED
NUMBER OF LINES OF COMMENTS : 5
   IDENTIFICATION DIVISION : 2
   SPACING PURPOSES : 0
   USEFUL COMMENTS
NUMBER OF ENVIRONMENT STATEMENTS : 2
        CONFIGURATION SECTION : 0
        SOURCE-COMPUTER : 0
        OBJECT-COMPUTER
                            : 0
        COMPUTER SPECIFICATION : 0
        SPECIAL NAMES
                       : 0
        SPECIAL NAME ASSIGNMENT: 0
        IN PUT-OUTPUT SECTION : 0
        FILE-CONTROL
                            : 0
        SEL ECT
                            : 2
```

```
NUMBER OF DECLARATIONS : 0
         SECTIONS : 0
FD : 0
         DECLARATIONS : 0
         VALUE CLAUSES : 0
         REDEFINES : 0
         RENAMES
                     : 0
NUMBER OF ASSIGNMENTS : 0
*** note that the above total includes VALUES CLAUSES ***
         MCVE : 0
                   : 0
         ADD
         SUBTRACT : 0
MULTIPLY : 0
                   : 0
         DIVIDE
         COMPUTE : 0
NUMBER OF CONDITIONALS : 0
         IF : 0
ELSE : 0
ON : 0
ON SIZE ERROR : 0
AT END : 0
NUMBER OF BRANCHINGS: 0
         CALL : 0
PERFORM : 0
GO TO : 0
NEXT : 0
         EXIT
         STOP
                  : 0
NUMBER OF INPUT/CUTPUT: 0
         DELETE : 0
DISPLAY : 0
         OPEN
         CLOSE
         READ
         REWRITE
         WRITE
         ACCEPT
NUMBER OF LABELS : 0
NUMBER OF OTHER STATEMENTS : O
        COPY : 0
         AL TER
                        : 0
         TRANSFORM
                     ; 0
         EXAMIN E
                        : 0
                        : 0
         INSPECT
         SEARCH
                        : 0
        SORT
                        : 0
                        : 0
        CICS EXEC
                       : 0
         GOBACK
                        : 0
```

```
NUMBER OF LINES OF COMMENTS : 2
     IDENTIFICATION DIVISION : 2
     SPACING PURPOSES : 0
     USEFUL COMMENTS
                          : 0
 NUMBER OF ENVIRONMENT STATEMENTS : 0
          CONFIGURATION SECTION : 0
SOURCE-COMPUTER : 0
          CB JECT-COMPUTER
                               : 0
          COMPUTER SPECIFICATION : 0
          SPECIAL NAMES
                               : 0
          SPECIAL NAME ASSIGNMENT : 0
          IN PUT-CUTPUT SECTION : 0
          FILE-CONTROL
                                : 0
          SELECT
                               : 0
 NUMBER OF DECLARATIONS : 0
          SECTIONS : 0
                      : 0
          FD
          DECLARATIONS : 0
          VALUE CLAUSES : 0
          REDEFINES : 0
RENAMES : 0
 NUMBER OF ASSIGNMENTS : 0
  *** note that the above total includes VALUES CLAUSES ***
          MOVE : 0
                    : 0
          ADD
          SUBTRACT
                  : 0
          MULTIPLY : 0
          DIVIDE : 0
COMPUTE : 0
 NUMBER OF CONDITIONALS : 0
          IF : 0
          ELSE
          CN
          ON SIZE ERROR : 0
         AT END : 0
NUMBER OF BRANCHINGS : 0
         CALL
                : 0
         PERFORM
         GO TO : 0
         NEXT
                   : 0
         EXIT
                  : 0
         STOP
                  : 0
NUMBER OF INPUT/OUTPUT : 0
         DELETE : 0
         DISPLAY
                    : 0
         OPEN
         CLOSE
         READ
                    : 0
         REWRITE
                   : 0
         WRITE
                   : 0
         ACCE PT
                   : 0
NUMBER OF LABELS : 0
NUMBER OF OTHER STATEMENTS : 0
```

; 0

COPY

```
ALTER : U
TRANSFORM : 0
        EXAMINE
                     : 0
                      : 0
        INSPECT
                      : 0
        SEARCH
                      : 0
        SCRT
                      : 0
        SET
                    : 0
        CICS EXEC
GCBACK
AN ALYSIS OF STATEMENTS ADDED
TOTAL NUMBER OF ADDED STATEMENTS: 3
NUMBER OF LINES OF COMMENTS : 3
   IDENTIFICATION DIVISION : 0
   SPACING FURPOSES : 3
                       : 0
   USEFUL COMMENTS
NUMBER OF ENVIRONMENT STATEMENTS : 0
        CONFIGURATION SECTION : 0
SOURCE-COMPUTER : 0
        SOURCE-COMPUTER : 0
OBJECT-COMPUTER : 0
        COMPUTER SPECIFICATION : 0
                            : 0
        SPECIAL NAMES
        SPECIAL NAME ASSIGNMENT : 0
        IN PUT-CUTPUT SECTION : 0
                             : 0
        FILE-CONTROL
                            : 0
        SELECT
NUMBER OF DECLARATIONS : 0
        SECTIONS : 0
        DECLARATIONS : 0
        VALUE CLAUSES : 0
        REDEFINES : 0
        REN AMES
                    : 0
NUMBER OF ASSIGNMENTS : 0
*** note that the above total includes VALUES CLAUSES ***
        MOVE : 0
                  : 0
        ADD
        SUBTRACT : 0
        MULTIPLY : 0
        DIVIDE : 0
COMPUTE : 0
NUMBER OF CONDITIONALS : 0
        IF : 0
        FI.SE
                   : 0
              : 0
        ON SIZE ERROR : 0
        AT END : 0
NUMBER OF BRANCHINGS : 0
```

CALL : 0

```
PERFORM : 0
        GO TO : 0
NEXT : 0
EXIT : 0
         STOP
                 : 0
NUMBER OF INPUT/CUTPUT: 0
        DELETE : 0
DISPLAY : 0
OPEN : 0
         CL GS E
                   : 0
         READ
                   : 0
         REWRITE : 0
WRITE : 0
ACCEPT : 0
NUMBER OF LABELS : 0
NUMBER OF OTHER STATEMENTS : 0
        COPY : 0
         ALTER
                       : 0
         TR AN SFORM
                      : 0
         EXAMINE
                      : 0
                      : 0
         INSPECT
                      : 0
         SEARCH
         SORT
                       : 0
                       : 0
         SET
         CICS EXEC : 0
        GOBACK
 AN ALYSIS OF ALTERED STATEMENTS
ORIGINAL LINE < Comment
                                VERSION 1.
ALTERED TO
NEWLINE > Comment
                           VERSION 2.
                      SELECT PRINT-FILE ASSIGN SYS003-UR-1403-S. Env
CRIGINAL LINE <
                       SELECT CARD-FILE ASSIGN SYSO04-UR-2520R-S.
                                                               Env
CRIGINAL LINE <
ALTERED TO
                 SELECT PRINT-FILE ASSIGN UT-P1L.
SELECT CARD-FILE ASSIGN UT-CARDIN.
NEWLINE >
                                                                 Env
                                                                 Env
ORIGINAL LINE <

    IF C-AMNTX NOT NUMERIC

    GENERATE ERROR-DETAIL

                             MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNTX.
ORIGINAL LINE <
ALTERED TO
NEWLINE > IF C-AMNIX NOT NUMERIC GENERATE ERROR-DETAIL
NEW LINE > MOVE ZERO TO C-AMNTX.
......
LIST THE DELETED STATEMENTS
```

Comment PROGRACM WAS WRITTEN FROM PRG JEX 10-8-84 MVS

LIST THE ADDED STATEMENTS

```
The Shell Program Classify
Appendix E.
     The input file is the result from executing the shell
ð
     program Maintain. It generates 4 temporary files.
ø
     "Alter1" stores old altered statements and "alter2" stores
â
     new altered statements. Deleted statemens are put into "delfile"
     and added statements in "addfile".
     The output lists six types of maintenance from 3 files. The six types
     are Correction, Adaption, Retrenchment, Retrieving, Pretty printing,
å
     and Documentation. The puls and minus signs in pretty printing and
ō
     documentation stand for the increasing or decreasing or the numbers.
echo ANALYZING FOR : $1 > $1.out
echo -----> out
# insert special characters to original file
ø
awk *
BEGIN { line0 = 0 }
                                   { print "#%"$" >> "copyfile" }
 /LIST THE ADDED STATEMENTS/
                                  { print "#%"$" >> "copyfile" }
 /LIST THE DELETED STATEMENTS/
                                   { print $0 >> "copyfile" }
END { print "#%"$" >> "copyfile" } ' $1
# line1: old numbers of altered statement; line2: new numbers of altered
# noline1: old numbers of altered statements in a block
# noblock: numbers of block being altered
# noalter: numbers of block counted as big changed in size
awk 1
BEGIN { line1=0; line2=0; noline1=0; noline2=0; flag =0; noblock=0; noalter=0}
  /ANALYSIS OF ALTERED STATEMENTS/. /\#\$\"\$/ {
       if ($3 == "<")
            1ine++
             # store old altered statements to alter1 file
            1 = 4
            while (i <= NF)
              { print $i >> "alter1"; i++ }
            if (flag == 0)
              [ noline1++ ]
             # compute the block which changes rapidly in size
            if (flag == 1)
              [ if ((noline1 > 10) && (noline2 > 10))
                    { if (noline1 > noline2)
                        [ div1 = noline1 / noline2 ]
                        { div1 = noline2 / noline1 }
                     if ( div1 > 2)
                        [ noalter++ ]
                el se
                   [ if (noline1 > noline2)
                        { div2 = noline1 / noline2
                         dif2 = noline1 - noline2
                     el se
                        { div2 = noline2 / noline1
                         dif2 = noline2 - noline1
                     if ((div2 > 5) || (dif2 > 5))
                        f noalter++ }
```

E-1

```
# reset to 0 after done a block
                 flag = 0
                 noline1 = 1
                 noline2 = 0
        if ($2 == ">")
          { line2++
            # store new altered statements to alter2 file
            1 = 3
            while (j <= NF)
               { print $j >> "alter2"; j++ }
            if (flag == 0)
               { noline2 = 0; flag = 1 }
            if (flag == 1)
               { noline2++ }
        if (($1 == "ALTERED") && ($2 == "TO") && (NF == 2))
           [ noblock++ ]
 # store deleted statements to delfile
 /LIST THE DELETED STATEMENTS/. /\#\$\*\$/ {
       if (($3=="DELETED")||($0=="#% $")||(NF==0)||(substr($0,1,3)=="---"))
       el se
           [ print $0 >> "delfile" }
# store added statements to addfile
 /LIST THE ADDED STATEMENTS/, /\#\$\*\$/ {
       if (($3=="ADDED")||($0=="#$"$")||(NF==0)||(substr($0,1,3)=="---"))
       e1 se
           { print $0 >> "addfile" }
END ( if (noblock != 0)
          { print "\n (( Altered ))" >> "out"
             print "
                             number of original line : " line1 >> "out"
                             number of new line : " line2 >> "out"
             print "
             print "
                             number of block altered : " noblock >> "out"
             if (noalter > 5)
                 { print "
                                <Adaptive>" >> "out"}
            el se
                 { print "
                                (Corrective>" >> "out" }
           if (( test -f alter1) && (test -f alter2))
then
   diff alter1 alter2 > difference
   sed 's/\,/ /g
         s/a/ a /g
         s/c/ c /g
         s/d/ d /g difference > result
   BEGIN { NoAdd = 0: NoDel = 0: NoRetrench = 0: NoRetrieve = 0:
           alterfrom = 0; alterto = 0;
           DelDocument = 0; AddDocument = 0; DelPrint = 0; AddPrint = 0
           aflag = 0; cflag = 0; dflag = 0; c1flag =0; c2flag =0 }
```

```
( if ($2 == "a")
           { aflag = 1; cflag = 0; dflag = 0 }
       if (($2 == "c") || ($3 == "c"))
           { cflag = 1; c1flag = 0; c2flag = 0; c3flag = 0; aflag = 0; dflag = 0}
       if (($2 == "d") || ($3 == "d"))
           [ dflag = 1; aflag = 0; cflag = 0 }
       if ( aflag == 1 )
           { if ($1 == ">")
               ( if ($2 == """)
                    [ NoRetrench++ ]
                 else
                    { NoAdd++ } } }
       if ( cflag == 1 )
          ( if ($0 == "< "")
               { if (c1flag == 1)
                    [ DelPrint++ ]
                 if (c1flag == 0 )
                    { c1flag = 1 }
                 prestar = 1 }
            if (($1 == "<") && ($2 != """) && (c1flag == 1))
               { c1flag = 0; DelDocument++; prestar = 0 }
            if (($0 == "---") && (ciflag == 1) && (prestar == 1))
               [ NoRetrieve++ }
            if (($0 == "---") && (ciflag == 1) && (prestar == 0))
               [ Del Print++ ]
            if ($0 == "> "")
               [ if (c2flag == 1)
                    { AddPrint++
                      if (c3flag == 0)
                          [ AddPrint++; c3flag = 1 } }
                 if (c2flag == 0)
                    { c2flag = 1 } }
            if (($1 == ">") && ($2 != "#") && (c2flag == 1))
               { c2flag = 0; AddDocument++ }
            if (($1 == "<") && ($2 != "#") && (ciflag == 0))
               [ alterfrom++ ]
            if (($1 == ">") && ($2 |= """) && (c2flag == 0))
               [ alterto++ ]
       if ( dflag == 1 )
          [ if ($1 == "<")
               [ if ($2 == """)
                    [ NoRetrieve++ }
                    [ NoDel++ } } }
    END ( if ( NoRetrench > 0 )
             [ print "
                             <Retrenchment> : number = " NoRetrench >> "out" ]
          if ( NoRetrieve > 0 )
                                           : number = " NoRetrieve >> "out" }
              [ print "
                             <Retrieving>
          if (AddDocument > 0)
              print "
                             <Documentation+> : number = " AddDocument >> "out"}
          if (DelDocument > 0)
             [ print "
                             (Documentation-) : number = " DelDocument >> "out"}
          if (AddPrint > 0)
             { print "
                             <Pretty Printing+> : number = " AddPrint >> "out"}
          if (DelPrint > 0)
             { print "
                             <Pretty Printing-> : number = " DelPrint >> "out"}
        | result
   rm alter1 alter2 result difference
fi
```

```
# if there exist deleted statements
if ( test -f delfile )
then
    awk 1
    BEGIN { NcComment = 0; NoDirtn = 0; DelDoc = 0; DelDoc = 0}
      [ if ($1 == "Comment")
           [ NoComment++ ]
        if ($1 == "Dlrtn")
           [ NoDlrtn++ ]
        if (($0 == """) && (NF == 1))
           [ Del Pnt++ ]
        if (($1 == """) && (NF > 1))
           [ DelDoc++ ]
    END [ { print "\n (( Deleted )) " >> "out" }
                       The total number of deleted statemens is " NR >>"cut"}
         [print "
         if (NoComment > 0)
                               Comment is deleted. number: " NoComment >> "out"}
            f print "
         if (NoDlrtn > 0)
                               Declaration is deleted. number: " NoDirtn >> "out"]
            [ print "
         if (DelPnt > 0)
                            <Pretty crinting-> : number " DelPnt >> "out"]
            { print "
         if (DelDoc > 0)
                            <Documentation=> : number " DelDoc >> "out"]
            [ print "
         NoOther = NR - Nocomment - NoDlrtn - DelFnt - DelDoc
         if (NoOther > 10)
                            <Adaptive> : number " NoOther >> "out"}
            { print "
         if ((NoOther <= 10) && (NoOther > 0))
                            (Corrective) : number " NoOther>> "out"}
            { print "
       ] delfile
    rm delfile
fi
# if there exists added statements
if ( test -f addfile )
then
   awk '
   BEGIN [ NoComment = 0: NoDlrtn = 0: AddDoc = 0: AddPnt = 0 ]
     [ if ($1 == "Comment")
          [ NoComment++ ]
       if ($1 == "Dlrtn")
          { NoD1rtn++ }
       if (($1 == """) && (NF == 1))
          { AddPnt++ }
       if (($1 == """) && (NF > 1))
          { AddDoc++ }
   END [{ print "\n (( Added )) " >> "out" }
        [ print "
                       The total number of added statements is " NR >> "out" ]
        if (NoComment > 0)
                              Comment is added. number: " NoComment >> "out" }
           [ print "
        if (NoDlrtn > 0)
                              Declaration is added. number: " NoDlrtn >> "out"}
           { print "
        if (AddPnt > 0)
           { print "
                           (Pretty Printing+) : number " AddPnt >> "out"}
        if (AddDoc > 0)
                           <Documentation+> : number * AddDoc >> *out*)
           { print "
        NoOther = NR - NoComment - NoDlrtn - AddPnt - AddDoc
        if ( NoOther > 10)
           { print "
                          <Adaptive> : number " NoOther >> "out"}
        if (( NoOther <= 10) && ( NoOther > 0))
                          (Corrective) : number " NoOther >> "out"]
           [ print "
        ] ' addfile
    rm addfile
fi
```

Appendix F. Result from Running Classify

```
MALTING FOR: CORCL.1.listing

(( Altered ))
    number of original line: 7
    number of new line: 6
    number of look altered: 3
    (Corrective)
    (Retrieving): number: 3

(( Deleted ))
    The total number of deleted statemens is 2
        Comment is deleted, number: 2
        (Corrective): number: 2

(( Added ))
    The total number of added statements is 3
        (Pretty Printing+): number: 3
```

ANALYZING CHANGES IN COBOL PROGRAMS DURING MAINTENANCE

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MASTER OF SCIENCE

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1988

Abstract

Software maintenance has become the most expensive phase. To maintain software, managers need methods to monitor the process in order to predict where changes will occur. Knowing the types of maintenance help managers in managing the maintenance.

The study presents a method to classify types of maintenance. The work focuses on analyzing COBOL programs and classifying different types of maintenance. The shell program Maintain was written as a tool to analyze two sequential versions on a program. Program set A, from a Kansas company, was first introduced to analyze. Six types of maintenance were identified from the results. They are corrective, adaptive, retrenchment, retrieving, pretty printing, and documentation. The classification rules were then converted into the second shell program Classify. Program set B, from data processing environment, was finally verified with the program Maintain and Classify to test the results.

The presented method is successfully in classifying types of maintenance from empirical data that changes between two versions of a program. In particular, the method allows managers to identify types of maintenance that have been done and evaluate the effort by means of the classification rules.

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